# School Improvement Plan (SIP)

# **CHARTER SCHOOL VERSION**

# Proposed for 2017-2018

A charter school that receives a school grade of "D" or "F" pursuant to Section 1008.34(2), F.S., must develop and submit a school improvement plan to its sponsor.

School Name: West Broward A	<u> cademy                                    </u>	School Location	on Number <u>: 5052</u>	
Current Grades Served: K-8	Contract Grade	s Served: _K-8	Year School Opened:	2012

### 2017-2018 SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

#### PART I: CURRENT SCHOOL STATUS

#### **School Information**

Complete School Name: West Broward Academy	District: Broward
School Location Number: 5052	
Principal: Donna Baggs	District Superintendent: Robert Runcie
Governing Board Member(s):	Date of School Board Charter Approval: June 13, 2017
Basema Iskandarani	Date of Most Recent School Board Charter Amendment: July 26, 2016
Nathaniel Grasch	
Ana Diaz	

### **Student Achievement Data and Reference Materials:**

The following links will open in a separate browser window.

**School Grades Trend Data** 

Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT)/Statewide Assessment Trend Data

Florida Standards Assessment Portal

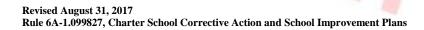
High School Feedback Report

K-12 Comprehensive Research Based Reading Plan

School Accountability Reports

#### **Administrators**

List your school's administrators and briefly describe their certification(s), number of years at the current school, number of years as an administrator, and their **prior performance** record with increasing student achievement at each school. Include history of School Grades, FSA/statewide assessment performance (percentage data for achievement levels, learning gains, Lowest 25%), and ambitious but achievable annual measurable objective (AMO) progress.



Position	Name	Degree(s)/ Certification(s)	Number of Years at Current School	Number of Years as an Administr ator	Prior Performance Record (include prior School Grades, FSA/statewide assessment Achievement Levels, learning gains, lowest 25%), and AMO progress, along with the associated school year)
Principal	Donna Baggs	BS: Elem. Education  ME: Educational  Leadership	10 MONTHS	5 YEARS	Aventura City of Excellence 2014 – A Aventura City of Excellence 2015 – A The Charter School at Waterstone 2016 – C
Assistant Principal					

#### **Instructional Coaches**

List your school's instructional coaches and briefly describe their certification(s), number of years at the current school, number of years as an instructional coach, and their **prior performance record with increasing student achievement at each school**. Include history of School Grades, FSA/statewide assessment performance (percentage data for achievement levels, learning gains, Lowest 25%), and ambitious but achievable annual measurable objective (AMO) progress. Instructional coaches described in this section are only those who are fully released or part-time teachers in reading, mathematics, or science and work only at the school site.

Subject Area	Name	Degree(s)/ Certification(s)	Number of Years at Current School	Number of Years as an Instructional Coach	Prior Performance Record (include prior School Grades, FSA/Statewide Assessment Achievement Levels, Learning Gains, Lowest 25%), and AMO progress along with the associated school year)
Reading	Zeneida Tercero	Elementary Education K-6 English 6-12 ESOL K-12 Reading K-12 All certificates are Professional	1	2	Palm Glades Prep Academy: 2017 – D Palm Glades Prep Academy High School 2017 - D Everglades Prep Academy: 2017 – D Everglades Prep Academy High School: 2017 - D
Math	Anelea Arbesu	Elementary Education K-6 ESOL K-12 All certificates are Professional	1	3	The Charter School at Waterstone: 2016 – C Summerville Advantage Academy: 2016 – C Advantage Academy Santé Fe: 2016 - A

### Required components of the School Improvement Plan for Charter Schools:

#### 1. Mission Statement

Provide your school's mission statement:

The mission of West Broward Academy is to provide students with a well-rounded elementary and middle-school education, through a challenging program, focused on mathematics and science using innovative, reform-based instructional methods in a stimulating and nurturing environment that fosters maximum student achievement.

#### 2. Academic Data

Provide <u>detailed</u> student academic data by subgroups for the most recent three (3) years (FSA, EOC, FCAT 2.0, FAIR-FS, BAS, iReady, etc.), if available:

West Broward Academy did not serve students in grades three and above until 2016-2017. The data below is reflective of a first year of K-7 at WBA.

2016-2017 \$	School Data
Attendance Rate	94.4%
Total Enrollment	345 students
White/Caucasian	55
Black	124
Hispanic	136
Haitian	10
Other	17
Free Lunch	215
Reduced Lunch	30
ESE Population	27
ESOL Population	47
Schoolwide FSA % Proficient	38%
Schoolwide FSA Math % Proficient	40%
NGSSS Florida Science Assessment	9%
Science Proficiency	
State Awarded Letter Grade	F
Points Needed to Attain for Grade	240 - B
Improvement	125 – C

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West Broward Academy maintained no data for grades K-2 for the school years 2015-2016 and 2016-2017.

Math Domain	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>	5 <sup>th</sup>	6 <sup>th</sup>	7 <sup>th</sup>
Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Numbers in Base Ten	57%				
Numbers and Operations-Fractions	30%	55%			
Measurement, Data and Geometry	41%	15%	9%		
Operations and Algebraic Thinking		58%			
Numbers and Operations in Base Ten		50%	14%		
Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Fractions			7%		
Ratio and Proportional Relationships				32%	5%
Expressions and Equations				5%	0%
Geometry				0%	0%
Statistics and Probability				6%	18%
Number System				13%	9%

Mathematics FSA Domain Proficiency by Grade - Level

Math Domain Proficient 2017 Current Level	3	4	5	6	7	Math Domain Proficient 2017 Current Level	3	4	5	6	7	Math Domain Proficient 2017 Current Level	3	4	5	6	7
Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Numbers in Base Ten	57%	3/6	3			Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Numbers in Base Ten	62%					Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Numbers in Base Ten	43%				
Numbers and Operations-Fractions	30%	55%		2		Numbers and Operations-Fractions	35%	60%				Numbers and Operations- Fractions	70%	45%			
Measurement, Data and Geometry	41%	15%	9%		2	Measurement, Data and Geometry	46%	20%	14%			Measurement, Data and Geometry	59%	85%	91%		
Operations and Algebraic Thinking		58%	*			Operations and Algebraic Thinking		63%		71	R	Operations and Algebraic Thinking		42%			

Numbers and Operations in Base Ten		50%	14%			Numbers and Operations in Base Ten	55%	19%	A		Numbers and Operations in Base Ten		5%	86%		
Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Fractions			7%	9	0	Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Fractions		1 <mark>2%</mark>		W.	Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Fractions	•		9%		
Ratio and Proportional Relationships		A	X	32%	5%	Ratio and Proportional Relationships			37%	10%	Ratio and Proportional Relationships	1	A		6 %	95%
Expressions and Equations	É	7 2	9	5%	0%	Expressions and Equations	l l		10%	5%	Expressions and Equations	E			95%	100%
Geometry	1		3	0%	0%	Geometry			5%	5%	Geometry	9		A.	100%	100%
Statistics and Probability	4			6%	18%	Statistics and Probability	(v.)	17	11%	23%	Statistics and Probability	Ī		1	31%	82%
Number System			1	13%	9%	Number system			18%	14%	Number system				87%	91%

#### **Summary of Mathematics Data:**

- Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Numbers in Base Ten: 57% of 3<sup>rd</sup> grade Students scored proficiency in 3<sup>rd</sup> grade.
- Numbers and Operations-Fractions: 30% of 3<sup>rd</sup> graders scored proficient while students in grade 4 testing in the same domain scored 55% proficient.
- Measurement, Data and Geometry: Students in grade 3 achieved 41% proficiency while grades 4 achieved 15% and grade 5 achieved 9% proficiency.
- Operations and Algebraic Thinking: 58% of students in grade 4 scored proficient.
- Numbers and Operations in Base Ten: 50% of students in in grade 4 scored proficient, and student in grade 5, 14% scored proficient.

  Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Fractions: 7% of 5<sup>th</sup> grade students scored proficient.
- Ratio and Proportional Relationships: 32% of students in grades 6 scored proficient and 5% of students in 7<sup>th</sup> grade achieved proficiency.
- Expressions and Equations: 5% of 6<sup>th</sup> grade students reached proficiency, and zero students in grade 7 achieved proficiency. Extended
- learning opportunities target these areas and curriculum is explained within this document.
- Geometry: Students in grades 6 and 7 did not score proficient in this domain.

  Statistics and Probability: 6% of 6<sup>th</sup> graders scored proficient and 18% of 7<sup>th</sup> graders reached proficiency. Instructional practices focus on skills and strategies that will elevate an increased number of students to a level 3 or above in this domain.
- Number System: 13% of students in grade 6 reached proficiency while in grade 7, 9% of the students scored proficient.

#### **Grade Level Category by FSA Categories**

Science achievement at WBA will increase during the 2017-2018 school year by implementing specific action plans and using monitoring tools and assessment practices outlined in the Science and STEM goal sections of this document, pages 70 – 77.

	Domain	5th	Black	White	Hispanic
	Nature of Science	9%	2%	0	2%
Science	Earth and Space Science	9%	2%	0	5%
	Physical Science	16%	2%	0	5%

### Summary of Science Data for 5th Grade Science

- Nature of Science is 9% proficient and 91% non-proficient
- Earth and Space Science is 9% proficient and 91% non-proficient
- Physical Science is 16% proficient and 84% non-proficient
- Life Science is 5% proficient and 95% non-proficient

#### **SUMMARY OF ELA DATA:**

	Domain	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>	5 <sup>th</sup>	6 <sup>th</sup>	7th
	Key Ideas and Details	13%	13%	14%	18%	0%
ELA	Craft and Structure	28%	50%	21%	16%	4%
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	13%	15%	5%	16%	0%
	Language and Editing	8%	52.5%	24%	10%	0%
	Text based Writing		5%	21%	38%	0%

#### **Key Ideas and Details:**

- Grade 3 students scored 13% proficient and 87% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 4 students scored 13% proficient and 87% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 5 students scored 14% proficient and 86% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 6 students scored 18% proficient and 82% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 7 students scored 0% proficient and 100% scored non-proficient in this domain

#### **Craft and Structure:**

- Grade 3 students scored 28% proficient and 72% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 4 students scored 50% proficient and 50% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 5 students scored 21% proficient and 79% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 6 students scored 16% proficient and 83% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 7students scored 4% proficient and 96% scored non-proficient in this domain

#### Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

- Grade 3 students scored Grade 3 students scored 13% proficient and 87% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 4 students scored 15% proficient and 85% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 5 students scored 5% proficient and 95 % scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 6 students scored 16% proficient and 84% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 7 students scored 0% proficient and 100% scored non-proficient in this domain

#### Language and Editing

- Grade 3 students scored 8% proficient and 92% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 4 students scored 53% proficient and 47% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 5 students scored 24% proficient and 87% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 6 students scored 10% proficient and 90% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 7 students scored 0% proficient and 100% scored non-proficient in this domain

#### **Text based Writing**

- Grade 4 students scored 5% proficient and 95% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 5 students scored 21% proficient and 78% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 6 students scored 38% proficient and 62% scored non-proficient in this domain
- Grade 7 students scored 0% proficient and 100% scored non-proficient in this domain

ELA proficiency will increase with the implementation of specific plans outlined in the Literacy Plan section of this document, page 58.

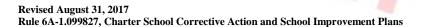
#### **Summary of Sub-Group Data.**

Goals for sub-groups are located in the sections within this plan pertinent to each sub-group. ELA Sub – Group Data:

- 33% of African American students scored a level 3 or above
- 47% of White students scored a level 3 or above
- 38% of Hispanic students scored a level 3 or above
- 29.4 % ELL students scored a level 3 or above
- 26.3% Students with disabilities scored a level 3 or above
- 38% Economically Disadvantaged scores a level 3 or above

#### Math Sub – Group Data:

- 36% of African American students scored level 3 or above
- 37% of White students scored level 3 or above
- 44% of Hispanic students scored level 3 or above
- 29% of ELL students scored level 3 or above, 71% scored not proficient
- 26% of Students with Disabilities scored level 3 or above, 74% scored not proficient
- 37.8% Economically Disadvantaged scores a level 3 or above



Summary of K - 8 Data:

Kindergarten	2015-2016 Proficient	2015-2016 Non- Proficient	2016-2017 Proficient	2016-2017 Non-Proficient	2017-2018 Proficient	2017-2018 Non- Proficient
DAR			57%	43%		
FLKRS-			19%	81%	21%	79%
Fall 2017			AA.	~ ///	100	
Moby Max – Reading					<1%	99%
Fall 2017						
Moby Max- Math					16%	84%
Fall 2017						
Letters/Sounds/Numbers					32%	68%
Fall 2017						
BAS/RRR			87%	13%	52%	48%
Fall 2017						
First Grade	2015-2016	2015-2016 Non-	2016-2017	2016-2017	2017-2018	2017-2018 Non-
	Proficient	Proficient	Proficient	Non-Proficient	Proficient	Proficient
End of Year - Reading			53%	47%		
Spring 2016-2017						
End of Year - Math			47%	53%		
Spring 2016-2017						
Moby Max-Reading					55%	45%
Fall 2017						
Moby Max- Math					80%	20%
Fall 2017						
BAS/RRR			60%	40%	37%	63%
Fall 2017			100			
Second Grade	2015-2016	2015-2016 Non-	2016-2017	2016-2017	2017-2018	2017-2018 Non-
	Proficient	Proficient	Proficient	Non-Proficient	Proficient	Proficient
End of Year - Reading			67%	33%		
Spring 2016-2017						
End of Year - Math			43%	57%		
Spring 2016-2017						
Moby Max- Reading					37%	63%
Fall 2017					a letter	
Moby Max- Math					43%	57%
Fall 2017					The same of the sa	
BAS/RRR			64%	36%	46%	54%
Fall 2017			T.			

Third Grade	2015-2016	2015-2016 Non-	2016-2017	2016-2017	2017-2018	2017-2018 Non-
Timu Graue	Proficient	Proficient	Proficient	Non-Proficient	Proficient	Proficient
FSA-Reading Spring 2017	Troncicio	Troncient	52%	48%	Troncione	Troncient
FSA- Math Spring 2017			59%	41%		
Moby Max – Reading Fall 2017					30%	70%
Moby Max- Math Fall 2017					13%	87%
<b>FAIR-</b> Fall 2017 (Level 1 & 2 FSA)					29%	71%
Fourth Grade	2015-2016 Proficient	2015-2016 Non- Proficient	2016-2017 Proficient	2016-2017 Non-Proficient	2017-2018 Proficient	2017-2018 Non- Proficient
FSA-Reading Spring 2017			43%	57%		
FSA-Math Spring 2017			55%	45%		
Moby Max-Reading Fall 2017					29%	71%
Moby Max Fall 2017					20%	80%
FAIR- Fall 2017 (Level 1 & 2 FSA)					24%	76%
Fifth Grade	2015-2016 Proficient	2015-2016 Non- Proficient	2016-2017 Proficient	2016-2017 Non-Proficient	2017-2018 Proficient	2017-2018 Non- Proficient
FSA-Reading Spring 2017					29%	71%
FSA-Math Spring 2017					23%	77%
Moby Max-Reading Fall 2017					33%	67%
Moby Max Fall 2017					<1%	99%
FAIR- Fall 2017 (Level 1 & 2 FSA)					26%	74%

Sixth Grade	2015-2016 Proficient	2015-2016 Non- Proficient	2016-2017 Proficient	2016-2017 Non-Proficient	2017-2018 Proficient	2017-2018 Non- Proficient
EGA D. II	Proficient	Proficient	Proficient	Non-Proficient		
<b>FSA-Reading</b> Spring 2017					27%	73%
FSA- Math Spring 2017					30%	70%
Moby Max – Reading Fall 2017					27%	73%
Moby Max- Math Fall 2017					<1%	99%
FAIR-Fall 2017 (Level 1 & 2 FSA)					3%	97%
Seventh Grade	2015-2016 Proficient	2015-2016 Non- Proficient	2016-2017 Proficient	2016-2017 Non-Proficient	2017-2018 Proficient	2017-2018 Non- Proficient
FSA-Reading Spring 2017					21%	79%
FSA-Math Spring 2017					32%	68%
Moby Max-Reading Fall 2017					29%	71%
Moby Max-Math Fall 2017					<1%	99%
FAIR – Fall 2017 (Level 1 & 2 FSA)					7%	93%
Eighth Grade	2015-2016 Proficient	2015-2016 Non- Proficient	2016-2017 Proficient	2016-2017 Non-Proficient	2017-2018 Proficient	2017-2018 Non- Proficient
FSA-Reading Spring 2017						
FSA-Math Spring 2017						
Moby Max-Reading Fall 2017					32%	68%
Moby Max- Math Fall 2017					<1%	99%
FAIR- Fall 2017 (Level 1 & 2 FSA)					8%	92%

#### 3. Student Achievement Objectives

Provide the student achievement objectives included in the charter contract or most recent sponsor approved school improvement plan:

Student Achievement Objectives and goals were established based on FCAT during the initial application period. During the school's renewal process, the following goals were established to reflect FSA:

- School wide FSA proficiency will meet or exceed the district average at 55% or higher
- School wide FSA ELA learning gains overall will meet or exceed the district average at 54% or higher
- School wide FSA ELA learning gains among the lowest quartile will meet or exceed the district average at 43% or higher
- School wide FSA Mathematics proficiency will meet or exceed the district average at 56% or higher
- School wide FSA Mathematics learning gains overall will meet or exceed the district average at 53% or higher
- School wide FSA Mathematics learning gains among the lowest quartile will meet or exceed the district average at 40% or higher
- NGSSS Florida Science Assessment 2.0 Science proficiency will meet or exceed the district average at 54% or higher
- Social Studies proficiency will meet or exceed the district average at 69% or higher
- A minimum of 99% of eligible students will be tested
- As measured by the 2018 FSA in Math, 50% of ELL students will experience a 5% increase in student learning gains over 2017.
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 50% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate an increase in learning gains by 5% in Mathematics

The goal is for the school to receive a "B" grade for the 2017-2018 school year.

#### 4. Student Performance Data Analysis

Provide a <u>detailed</u> analysis in narrative format of the student performance data including academic performance by each subgroup:

#### **Grade Level Summary of Data Tables.**

In the 2015-2016 school year, West Broward Academy was housed as a K-2 school and in the 2016-2017 school year, grew to a K-7 school, and now stands as a K-8 school in the 2017-2018 school year. Data collection was a deficiency in the past for West Broward Academy as evidenced by the charts of data from the 2015-2016 and 2016-2017 school years. Moving forward, more specific data has been tracked and analyzed.

As indicated in the chart on page ten, Kindergarten students overall lack proficiency in letters/sounds and numbers entering the 2017-2018 school year. Teachers will remediate this using the Journeys curriculum. An increase in proficiency in letters and numbers should then lend itself to an increase in proficiency in MobyMax reading data as well as in the Benchmark Assessment System (BAS).

First graders in the 2017-2018 school year are lacking in reading proficiency on grade level as indicated in the data in both Moby Max reading and the BAS data. Moby Max is an adaptive program that will remediate the basic skills students are lacking in this area. Additionally, small group instruction and teacher-led remediation using Journeys will be a focus for these students throughout the year. Regular use of mini-lessons and Journeys mini-assessments using Florida Test Power books provided in the Journeys curriculum are currently being used to raise student proficiency.

The Moby Max data provided in the chart on page ten is indicative of students who enter on grade-level. Second graders in the 2017-2018 school

year have entered with a 37% proficiency in reading and a 43% proficiency in math. This means that the students are lacking skills from first grade that would get them ready to begin learning on-level second grade material. Using MobyMax adaptive lessons, students are remediating the skills that they have missed learning in first grade. This remediation is done during class time. Additionally, teachers are using Journeys curriculum to remediate in small group, and in teacher led. In math, teachers are supplementing student remediation with Envisions 2.0 intervention kit to ensure that students understand the material building blocks that were missing from first grade math to be successful with second grade material.

A breakdown of specific student deficiencies as defined from the 2016-2017 FSA for grades 3-8 is evident in Section 5. As indicated in the graphs for individual grade levels 3-5 and grades 6-8, there is a significant deficiency in grade level proficiency in both reading and math. In order to remediate this in each grade level, students are assigned adaptive lessons through MobyMax that will provide specific remediation for grade-level skills prior to their current grade-level skills that they have not yet mastered. This will lead to an overall increase in grade-level proficiency for each grade level. Teachers will remediate overall group deficiencies as described in section 5 of this plan

School Report Card 2017

2016 – 2017 F

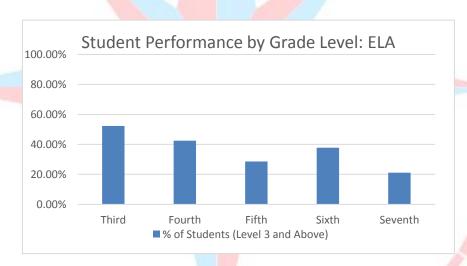
ELA % Scoring Proficient	ELA Learning Gains	ELA Learning Gains of the Lowest 25%	Math % Scoring Proficient	Mathematics Learning Gains	Mathematics Learning Gains of the Lowest 25%	Science Achievement	Social Studies Achievement	Percent of Minority Students	Percent of Economically Disadvantaged Students
39	41	23	40	23	9	10	60	79.8	71.5

WBA administered the Florida State Assessment/NGSSS/Statewide Science Assessment for the first time during the 2016-2017 assessment window. The school had previously served students in grades K-1 and expanded to serve students in grades K-7 at a new location located in Coconut Creek. Although the goals established in the renewal document had an expectation that the school would meet or exceed the district average of performance and receive a grade of "B", the school fell short of those goals.

As seen in the chart provided above, 39% (goal 55%) of students scored proficient on the ELA FSA with 41% (goal 54) making learning gains. Only 23% (goal 43%) of students in the lowest 25% scored proficient resulting in a deficit. Also, 40% (goal 56%) of students scored proficient in Math while only 23% (goal 53%) made learning gains. Only 9% (goal 40%) of students in the lowest 25% made learning gains resulting in a deficit. The school also had only 10% (goal 54%) of fifth grade students score proficient in Science. West Broward Academy seventh grade students in Social Studies approached its goal with 60% (goal 69%) scoring proficient. West Broward Academy did not meet the goal expectations for the 2016-2017 FSA/NGSSS/Statewide Science Assessment.

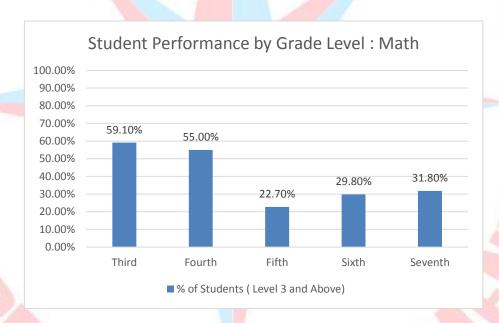
#### Student performance on the 2016-2017 ELA Florida State Assessment at level three and above:

- 52% of third grade students scored a level 3 or above, 42% scored not proficient
- 42% of fourth grade students scored a level 3 or above, 58% scored not proficient
- 29% of fifth grade students scored a level 3 or above, 71% scored not proficient
- 38% of sixth grade students scored a level 3 or above, 62% scored not proficient
- 21% of seventh grade students scored a level 3 or above, 79% scored not proficient
- 33% of African American students scored a level 3 or above
- 47% of White students scored a level 3 or above
- 38% of Hispanic students scored a level 3 or above
- 29.4 % ELL students scored a level 3 or above
- 26.3% Students with disabilities scored a level 3 or above
- 38% Economically Disadvantaged scores a level 3 or above



#### Student performance on the 2017 Math Florida State Assessment-at level three and above:

- 59% of third grade students scored at level 3 or above, 41% scored not proficient
- 55% of fourth grade students scored at level 3 or above, 45% scored not proficient
- 23% of fifth grade students scored at level 3 or above, 73% scored not proficient
- 30% of sixth grade students scored at level 3 or above, 70% scored not proficient
- 32% of seventh grade students scored at level 3 or above, 68% scored not proficient
- 36% of African American students scored level 3 or above
- 37% of White students scored level 3 or above
- 44% of Hispanic students scored level 3 or above
- 29% of ELL students scored level 3 or above, 71% scored not proficient
- 26% of Students with Disabilities scored level 3 or above, 74% scored not proficient
  - 37.8% Economically Disadvantaged scores a level 3 or above



#### 5. Student Performance Deficiency Plan

Provide a <u>detailed</u> plan for addressing each identified <u>deficiency</u> in student performance, including specific actions, person responsible, resources needed and timeline. Deficiencies should be listed and addressed individually. A chart format is acceptable. Areas of deficiency are based on student performance data.

The Leadership Team of West Broward Academy has analyzed student performance and has determined specific deficiencies to address during the 2017 -18 school year. The deficiencies noted in the MobyMax baseline data as well as the FSA data previously detailed are targeted with specific plans of action to remediate for increased student achievement. Specific plans are further elaborated on throughout the document within each content area of this document.

Because West Broward Academy K-2 reading is deficient, regular use of individualized remediation, Moby Max standards based assignments and assessments and implementation of the Journey's curriculum will correct this deficiency. Students deficient in math are receiving additional instruction using Envision Math, Camelot Learning and Math Centers that focus on standard specific deficiencies.

Deficiency	Specific Actions	Person	Resources Needed	Timeline
	openii in	Responsible		
ELA Low Proficiency:	4 <sup>th</sup> , 5 <sup>th</sup> , 6 <sup>th</sup> , 7 <sup>th</sup> , and 8 <sup>th</sup> grade students	D. Baggs, Principal	CPalms	August 2017-June
Cluster 3 Integration of	focus primarily on Evidentiary writing.	D. Hugue, Dean	FI Standards	2018
Knowledge and Ideas	These tested areas resulted in the	J. Pino, Resource	Test Specifications	- BL 80
U	lowest proficiency levels for the	Teacher		
	previous year's 4th and 7th graders as			
	documented on page7 of this plan.	7/10		
	Once a week, during planning periods	D. Baggs, Principal		August 2017-June
	and once a month after school, ELA	D. Hugue, Dean		2018
	teachers are provided support to	J. Pino, Resource		
	design lessons targeting strategies that address standards that	Tea <mark>cher</mark>	1	
	demonstrate mastery of Cluster 3 of		1	
	the Florida Standard, Integration of			
	Knowledge and Ideas, with the level 3			
	cognitive complexity demanded within			
	each standard. This domain has been			
	selected because it lends itself to all			
	content areas. CPalms lessons are			
	referred to as exemplars during lesson	N/		
	plan development.		and the same	
	Additionally, students utilize	D. Baggs, Principal	Moby Max	August 2017-June
	MobyMax(adaptive curriculum), Ready	D. Hugue, Dean	Ready FI LAFS	2018
	Florida LAFS and CSA resources to	J. Pino, Resource	Certificates	

Revised August 31, 2017

		Tanahan	Dahaat Dualia	T = T =
	close this achievement gap during thirty- minute before and after school tutorials	Teacher	Bobcat Bucks Raffle Prizes	
	provided by teachers twice a week as			
	determined by formative assessment			
	data such as teacher made			
	assessments, MobyMax performance,			
	and core curriculum assessments.			
	Perfect attendance at tutorials results in			
	receiving a certificate and recognition at		7.0	
<u>//</u>	an end of the year ceremony. Weekly			
	attendance results in Bobcat Bucks to			
	be redeemed for a dress down day,			
	Lunch Chats, or entry into a raffle for a			
	community secured prize.			
	All elementary students receive daily			
	science instruction for 45 minutes using Science Fusion as core curriculum.	1 / / /		
	Science rusion as core curriculum.			
		D. Baggs, Principal	Science Fusion	
	Students in grades 6-8 participate in a	D. Hugue, Dean	Think Central	August 2017-June
	90- minute block schedule using	J. Pino, Resource	CSA Resources	2018
	Science Fusion curriculum, Think	Teacher	00/1100001000	2010
	Central, and supplemental resources			-
	approved by CSA.			
			la la	
	Teachers will use content area reading	D. Baggs, Principal	Graphic Organizers	
	strategies and Marzano instructional	D. Hugue, Dean	Marzano Strategies	August 2017-June
	strategies to scaffold instruction and to	J. Pino, Resource		2018
	support ESE students.	Teacher		
	Capport LOL otadorito.			
	Teachers will use content area reading	D. Baggs, Principal	Graphic Organizers	
	strategies and Marzano instructional	D. Hugue, Dean	Marzano Strategies	August 2017-June
	strategies to scaffold instruction and to	J. Pino, Resource		2018
	support ELL students.	Teacher	0 0 0 0	
		D. Danna Drivers	El Ctandond	
	Teachers receive support from the	D. Baggs, Principal	FI Standards	

	Resource Teacher in weekly lesson planning to unwrap standards, develop higher level thinking tasks and to identify and plan instruction with the use of complex texts. Additionally, teachers receive lesson demonstrations and instructional delivery modeling by the Reading Coach and CSA staff.  Collections curriculum is the core text for the ELA classroom. Teachers plan together with the Resource Teacher	D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher  D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Informational Text  Collections MobyMax	August 2017-June 2018 August 2017-June 2018
	using the Collections curriculum so that reading and writing are taught in tandem and not in isolation. While the reading teacher focuses primarily on close reading and analysis of the text through reading strategies, the ELA teacher uses the longer writing tasks in Collections along with mywritesmart and MobyMax writing workshop to develop and hone students' writing skills.	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	myWritesmart	
Science Low Proficiency: Earth and Space Science Proficiency(8 <sup>th</sup> Grade) Life Science (5 <sup>th</sup> Grade)	To enhance science instruction taught from the core text Science Fusion, teachers collaborate with the Resource Teacher to plan rigorous lessons Science Fusion and Science Fusion resources, PBL.org in K – 2, Engineering is Elementary for 3rd-5th, and Engineering is Everywhere for 6th – 8th grades. Additionally, curriculum or STEAM Model-Eliciting Activity (CPALMS) is used for accelerated and Gifted learners. Teachers target Earth and Space Science and Life Science to strengthen these categories of science	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Computers PBL.org resources Engineering is Everywhere Engineering is Elementary	August 2017-June 2018

2017-2010 School Improvement I iai	I(SII) CIMINTEN SCHOOL	VERSION		
concepts				
project-bacterist project-bact	nts engage in one STEAM ased lesson a month in all K-8 ms. Stem lessons target Earth ce science and Life Science.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher Grade –Chairs	STEAM planning guides STEAM project based lesson plans Teacher assistance in STEAM lesson planning	August 2017-June 2018
support rof targete group lear learning, an additional block in the literaction are providuring the and Mathoutline residue.	nts in need of Tier 2 and Tier 3 eceive assistance in the form ed intervention, including small-arning, teacher-led small group and center activities. This is onal 30-minute instructional he school day in which science onal text is incorporated into cy instruction. Tier 1 students ded enrichment instruction is time as well. The Literacy is sections of this document esources/curriculum utilized for of instruction.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean Grade-Chairs	Think Central Computers MobyMax lessons Informational Text	August 2017-June 2018
tutoring be and Unit utilized for up lessor classroor from Mobutilized for enrichmen	students qualify for after school pased upon weekly formative Assessments. Think Central is or these lessons with follow - his being delivered by the miteacher. Support lessons by Max (Moby Science) are or Tier 2 and Tier 3 students for ent and remediation.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean Grade-Chairs J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Moby Science Science Fusion Lab Materials as required by specific lab activities Leveled Readers Teacher Guides	August 2017-June 2018
group wo walks, co	teachers will utilize interactive ork methods such as gallery poperative learning strategies to engage students in solving a	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean Grade-Chairs J. Pino, Resource	Lesson Plan Guidance Coaching in Effective Instructional Delivery	August 2017-June 2018

problem or learning new information to teacher collaboration and accountability.	Teacher	AN	
Teachers will involve students in guided discovery, fitting into the exploration phase of the scientific learning cycle, as they incorporate this method into lectures and labs. Teachers will prepare students, coach students, and set guidelines for appropriate group interaction.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean Grade-Chairs	Science Fusion and Science Fusion Resources	August 2017 – June 2018
All teachers work with the Resource Teacher on a weekly basis to develop lesson plans utilizing the CSA lesson plan template, test specifications, and standards. The lesson plans explicitly describe each step of the 5 E process: Engage, Explore, Explain, Extend, Evaluate.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher Grade-Chairs	Attendance Sheets Lesson Plan Template Science Standards Test Specs Curriculum Resources	August 2017-June 2018
All teachers work with the Resource Teacher on a weekly basis to develop lesson plans that reflect a gradual release of responsibility to scaffold instruction for all learners. Instruction reflects:	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher Grade-Chairs	Lesson Plan Template Standards Test Specs Curriculum Resources	September 2017-June 2018
Direct Instruction: I Do Teacher: •Provides direct instruction •Establishes goals and purpose •Models •Think aloud			

2017-2016 School Improve	ement Plan (SIP) - CHARTER SCHOOL VERSION
	Student:
	•Actively listens
	•Takes notes
	•Asks for clarification
	•We do it
	Guided Instruction: We Do
	Teacher:
	•Interactive instruction
	•Works with students
in the second	•Checks, prompts, clues
	Provides additional modeling
-	•Meets with needs-based groups
	Student:
	•Asks and responds to questions
	•Works with teacher and classmates
	•Completes process alongside others
	Independent Practice: You do it
	independently
	Teacher:
	•Provides feedback
-	•Evaluates
Contract of the Contract of th	•Determines level of
	understanding
	Student:
	•Works alone
	•Relies on notes, activities,
	classroom learning to complete
	assignment
	•Takes full responsibility for outcome
	Collaborative Learning: You do it
	together
	Teacher:
	•Moves among groups
	•Clarifies confusion
	•Provides support
	Student:
	•Works with classmates, shares
	outcome
	•Collaborates on authentic task

<u> </u>	ement I lan (SH ) - CHARTER SCHOOL		-	
	•Consolidates learning			
	Completes process in small group     Looks to peers for clarification			
	*Looks to peers for clarification			
	Contract of the second	A		
		A		
		D. Baggs, Principal	Science Fusion	August 2017 – June
	During the school day, students use	D. Hugue, Dean		2018
	various components of the core	Grade-Chairs		
ALC: NO.	curriculum such as the Science Fusion			
_	including work text and interactive			
	hands-on labs. Additionally, students			
	can remediate during the school day			
	with Leveled Readers- Books/Teacher guides for above and on-level and are			
	assigned both digitally and in print.			
	assigned both digitally and in print.	D. Baggs, Principal	Goal Setting Template	August 2017 – June
	All students have set content area	D. Hugue, Dean	Data chat Guide	2018
0	learning goals and teachers conduct a	Grade-Chairs	Current Formative Data	
	data chat with each student quarterly	J. Pino, Resource		
- T	to review goals and adjust as needed.	Teacher		
(				
O	All students are offered the	D. Baggs, Principal	MobyMax	September 2017 –
Overall Low Proficiency	opportunity to participate in before and after school extended learning	D. <mark>Hug</mark> ue, Dean Grade-Chairs	Core resources CSA Resources	June 2018
Levels in Math, Reading and Science in all	opportunities on Tuesdays and	J. Pino, Resource	CSA Resources	
categories	Thursdays from 3:30 – 4:00 beginning	Teacher		
datogonos	in September and running through	Todonor		
	June. Services are provided by WBA			
	teachers and CSA staff. Assessment			
	data used to identify students for this			
	program comes from Florida			
	Standards Assessment results and			7
	formative data collected during the	N/	A COUNTY OF THE PARTY	
	week's instruction using MobyScience, teacher – made assessments, and	1	The second second	
	core curriculum assessments. Weekly,			
	teachers and Resource Teacher		The Management of the Control of the	
	review formative data to regroup fluid		I In	

groups for small group instruction. Attendance sheets verify student attendance to the tutorial programs. Curriculum to be used include:  Camelot Learning – Math all grade – levels  MobyMax All content areas/all grade levels  Ready Florida MAFS/LAFS – Facilitated by classroom teachers, and use core and supplemental curriculum to close the achievement gaps. CSA developed curriculum resources  Saturday programs facilitated by teachers and staff are offered once a month in reading, math and science for two hours, (9:00 – 11:00) to meet the needs of these student who cannot attend before and after school. Curriculum resources mentioned above are used for this tutorial. Participants at tutorials receive Bobcat Bucks which can be redeemed for a dress down day, lunch chat or entry into a raffle for a community secured prize. Participants with perfect attendance at tutorials receive a certificate presented at an end of the	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean Grade-Chairs J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Camelot Learning Materials MobyMax MAFS LAFS CSA Resources Bobcat Bucks	September 2017 – June 2018
Family events and parent academies provide support for home learning and for collaboration between home and school to promote student achievement.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	CSA Family Academy resources	September 2017-June 2018
Progress Monitoring Forms are	D. Baggs, Principal	PMP Forms	August 2017-June

	completed every nine weeks and are provided to parents with specific information targeting math, reading, and science.	D. Hugue, Dean	Student Data	2018
	Weekly, teachers meet as a grade-level to plan standards – based instruction with support from the Resource Teacher who provides assistance with differentiation of content, product, and process using the Concrete/Symbolic or Semi – Concrete/Abstract approach for math and science.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Curriculum Resources Lesson Plan Template	September 2017-June 2018
Deficient use of Elaboration in Writing as evidence by ELA proficiency	All students employ elaboration techniques in all classes including specials and electives.  Training and support is provided by expert teachers and CSA staff before school, after school, and during teacher planning periods. Resource Teacher/coach/CSA staff provide support during weekly lesson planning and provides modeling as needed.  Students explicitly receive instruction, modeling, and practice in using 7	During School  Before, During, After School	Student Work Resources for Elaboration  Student Work Writing Curriculum Writing Resources Writing Rubrics Anchor Charts	September 2017- June 2018  September 2017- June 2018
	elaboration techniques made visible to students for reference during writing tasks. Elaboration Techniques:  Techniques  Anecdotes A short "story" to explain your point  Authoritative Quotes A saying by someone, usually an "expert"			

	Comparisons Show how things are the same or different  Description Paint a picture with words use the 5 senses, emotions, or observations  Examples Something or someone that is what you are writing about  Fact A statement that can be proven—the opposite of an opinion  Thought Shot What you are thinking in your mind  Numbers or Statistics  Exact numbers to back up your point			
Inconsistent Data Analysis and Application of Data to inform instruction	All teachers receive training in data analysis and data based instructional planning on multiple occasions and in various venues in whole group, small group, and individually and during preplanning, Wednesday workshops, grade level meetings, data chat meetings, planning periods with Resource Teacher.	D. Baggs, Principal J. Pino, Resource Teacher Grade Chairs	Data Chat Protocols Student Data Data Binder	August 2017- June2018
	Students receive instruction that is align to formative data and planned geared to levels 3 and 4 of the DOK wheel.  Moderate and complex tasks are designed on a weekly basis between the teacher and the Resource Teacher.  The ESE Specialist and the ELL	D. Baggs, Principal J. Pino, Resource Teacher Grade Chairs ESE Specialist ELL Contact	Lesson Planning Tools DOK Wheels Formative Data	September 2017- June 2018

	Contact support teachers by assisting them in utilizing best practices for these subgroups.	F9 V	IA A	
	Student progress and gaps in learning are tracked by teachers using CSA data forms and are analyzed and discussed during monthly data chats with the leadership team and weekly gradelevel data chats facilitated by grade chair to inform instruction and make adjustments to student fluid groupings. The leadership team has established a clear schedule for conducting instructional walk-throughs, for debriefing observations with teachers, for conducting data chats with teachers, and for grade-level, leadership team, and faculty meetings.	D. Baggs, Principal	Lesson Plans Student Data Walk-throughs Sign In Sheets Meeting Summaries Schedules	August 2017- June 2018
Low Civics Achievement in all four domains as	Teacher implements iCivics for all 7 <sup>th</sup> grade students on a weekly basis.	D. Baggs, Principal J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Computers	August 2017- June 2018
evidenced by EOC proficiency	Students have taken a baseline assessment and a mid-year assessment developed by CSA which has been used to determine achievement gaps,	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, ResourceTeacher	Baseline and mid- year Assessment	August 2017- June 2018
	All students in all subgroups have set a Civics EOC learning goal with action steps that is reviewed twice a quarter between student and teacher and parent to redesign goals/action steps and to monitor progress toward the goal.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Goal Sheets	August 2017-June 2018
	Students utilize an interactive word wall and Marzano's Academic Notebook strategy to record and document their learning of key Civics vocabulary.	D. Baggs, Principal J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Interactive Word Wall Notebooks Vocabulary	October 2017- June 2018

Teachers plan weekly lessons with the Resource Teacher to align instruction with Civics standards, to unwrap the standards, and to align instruction with the item specs of the EOC Civics assessment. ELL Contact teacher and the ESE Specialist support the Civics teacher with note taking strategies to assist students in this subgroup experience success.	D. Baggs, Principal J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Standards EOC test specs Note taking strategies	September 2017- June 2018
Students maintain an interactive notebook to organize Civics notes and documents and to record their synthesis of the history and how it relates to their world. ELL students are provided accommodations. ESE students are provided accommodations and all teachers receive support from the ESE Specialist for ESE students and fro the ELL Contact teacher on best practices for organization and note taking.	D. Baggs, Principal J. Pino, Resource Teacher Civics Teacher ESE Specialist ELL Contact	Notebooks	October 2017 -June 2018
Daily announcement will pose a "Did You Know" Civics based question as a spiral review for the preparation of the EOC Civics assessment.  Students are provided with a 1.5 hour quarterly review tutorial before or after school. All students are invited and the tutorial is facilitated by a classroom teacher. Students engage in various small group activities to synthesis previously taught information to review Civics content.  • Florida Joint Center for Citizenship • iCivics http://teachinghistory.org	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean  D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Morning Announcement Form Civics Facts Review Document Activity Lesson Plans Computers Bobcat Bucks Prizes	October 2017- June 2018  Quarterly – The last week of each quarter

	Attendees receive Bobcat Bucks which can be redeemed for a dress down day, Lunch Chats, or entry into a raffle for a community secured prize. Perfect attendance results in a certificate and recognition at an end of the year ceremony.  Veteran CSA Civics teachers have paired with the WBA Civics teacher to collaborate on best instructional practices to prepare students for the EOC. These teachers communicate by phone and through email communication on an informal basis. On a formal basis, the coach/Resource Teacher/Dean facilitates a virtual collaborative planning session after school hours for 45 minutes using Zoom or Hangout.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Email Phone Zoom technology	October 2-17 – June 2018
Consistent implementation of modifications and accommodations to subgroups with fidelity as evidenced by FSA data	All students, including our most fragile ELL, receive accommodations and modifications as well as are best practices for subgroup achievement.  All students including those in our ESE subgroup receive accommodations and modifications as documented on their individual plans as well as those that are best practices for subgroup achievement.  Students are offered choices in product and process through learning menus and teachers address multiple learning styles to address various needs that can close the achievement gaps with these students.	D. Baggs, Principal K. Myers, ESE Specialist	Materials as prescribed by best ELL practices  Materials as prescribed in the student's IEP  Menu templates Multiple Learning Style choices Student Data/Learning Profiles	August 2017 – June 2018

Math Deficiencies: 3 <sup>rd</sup> Operations and	Students are engaged in the Concrete- Semi-Concrete, Abstract method of	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Manipulatives	August 2017 – June 2018
Fractions	instructional delivery.	A. Arbesu, Math		
4 <sup>th</sup> Operations and	TO HARDE	Coach	TAKE AND A	
Algebraic Thinking	Teachers plan with Resource Teacher	J. Pino, Resource		
5 <sup>th</sup> Operations, Algebraic	and Coach and receive instructional	Teacher		
Thinking, Fractions	support and coaching of the CSA delivery	ALC: ALC: ALC: ALC: ALC: ALC: ALC: ALC:		
6 <sup>th</sup> , 7 <sup>th</sup> , 8 <sup>th</sup> Grades	method.			
Expression and				
Equations				

All students at West Broward Academy need ELA and Math support in the form of targeted intervention. Students in all tiers receive interventions through small-group learning, teacher-led small group learning, and center activities as an additional 30-minute instructional block during the school day as a push- in model in the lower level learner's classes. Students are identified for tiered instruction by their teacher and presented to the RTI Team for follow-up. The RTI Team consists of teachers, administration and the ESE Specialist This team meets monthly to review data and discuss progress and next steps for learners. Agendas, minutes and sign-in sheets are completed at the time of each meeting and kept in an RTI binder. The implementation of an RTI process with fidelity was one of the deficiencies of West Broward academy during the 2016-2017 school year. Because of this, no students were identified as tier 3 during this time. At the end of the first nine weeks concluded on October 19<sup>th</sup>, the RTI team is currently in the process of meeting to determine students eligible for Tier 3.

At the current time, the RTI population is as follows:

GRADE LEVEL	TIER 1	TIER 2	TIER 3
K	97%	3 <mark>%</mark>	
1	96%	3%	1%
2	49%	5 <mark>1%</mark>	
3	74%	22%	5%
4	78%	22%	
5	76%	2%	2%
6	78%	2 <mark>2%</mark>	
7	83%	1 <mark>7%</mark>	
8	96%	4 <mark>%</mark>	

The School utilizes the FLDOE Multi-Tiered Systems of Support (MTSS) to identify student learning deficiencies, analyze the cause, formulate a plan, monitor progress, and analyze results as appropriate for students below, at, and above grade level. The School seeks to prevent academic failure through early intervention, frequent progress measurement, and increasingly intensive research-based instructional interventions for children who continue to have difficulty. As recommended, the School will follow the MTSS strategy.

MTSS Systematic Multi-Source Student Assessment Plan http://www.florida-RTI.org/floridaMTSS/mtf.htm

#### **Tier 1 Core Universal Instruction & Supports**

• All students start in Tier 1, which consists of a research-based core curriculum and behavioral supports. All students are screened at this tier to determine if they are responding appropriately to instruction before they experience any significant failure in comparison to their peers.

#### **Tier 2 Targeted Supplemental Interventions & Supports**

• Tier 2 consists of increasing the time and intensity of the student's exposure to the core curriculum for students who do not appear to be responding appropriately to Tier 1 instruction and behavioral supports. For example, an additional 30 minutes per day may be devoted to reading in a small group (3-6 students), with a focus on building accurate and automatic recognition of words in text. Adjustments may be made within Tier 2 to increase time on task or decrease student/teacher ratio.

#### Tier 3 Intensive Individualized Interventions & Supports

• Tier 3 includes students who have been found eligible for special education and related services, and some who have not. Special education eligibility may allow exposure to remedial methods and practices that, although research-based and aligned with the content of the core curriculum, are not necessarily a part of the core curriculum. The cycle of progress- monitoring and adjustment of intervention will continue, even if a determination for special education eligibility is made.

The MTSS system also details a planning and problem-solving model used to match instructional resources to educational need. Teams continue to engage in instructional planning and problem solving to ensure that student success is achieved and maintained.

Step 1 Define	Define the problem. Determine the difference between expectations and actual.
Step 2 -	Analyze the problem using data to determine why the issue is occurring. Generate hypotheses founded in evidence-based content area knowledge, alterable variables and
Analyze	instructionally relevant domains. Gather assessment data to determine valid/non-valid hypotheses. Link validated hypotheses to instruction/intervention so that hypotheses will lead to evidence- based instructional decisions. Determine the barriers to the student doing and knowing what is expected? Design the instruction to directly address those barriers.
Step 3 – Develop &	Implement plan driven by the results of the team's problem analysis by establishing a performance goal for the group of students or the individual student and developing an intervention plan to achieve the goal. Delineate how the student's or group of students' progress will be monitored and implementation integrity will be supported.
Step 4 -	Measure response to instruction/interventions by using data gathered from progress
Measure	monitoring at agreed upon intervals to evaluate the effectiveness of the intervention plan. Progress monitoring data should directly reflect the targeted skill(s). If not working, modify the instruction/intervention plan to better support the student.

For each student who does not meet state performance levels in reading, writing, mathematics, and/or science, West Broward Academy, in consultation with the student's parent, implement an individualized Progress Monitoring Plan (PMP) to assist the student in meeting expectations for proficiency. Strategies may include, but are not limited to after-school tutoring, summer school, parent tutorial programs, reading instruction, mentoring, and intervention programs. The PMP identifies:

- Specific diagnosed academic needs to be remediated.
- Success-based intervention strategies to be used.
- A variety of remedial instruction to be provided.
- Monitoring and reevaluation activities to be employed.

Progress Monitoring Plans (PMP) are required for the following:

- K-2 students who exhibit a substantial deficiency in reading or mathematics as evidenced through Easy CBM achievement charts.
- All students who score below Level 3 on the FSA in English Language Arts or Mathematics. Students are provided with additional diagnostic assessments to determine the nature of the student's difficulty, the areas of academic need, and strategies for appropriate intervention and instruction.

Any student in grades 3 through 8 who scores below a level 3 on the FSA in ELA or Mathematics or a level 1 or 2 on the Algebra 1 State End Of Course (EOC) exam, must have a Progress Monitoring Plan (PMP) or some other required plan such as a 504 Plan or Individual Education Plan (IEP). The PMP is in place until the student exhibits proficiency on the state assessment in the areas of reading and mathematics, or passes the Algebra 1 end of course exam (level 3 or higher).

- 3-8 students who score as "intensive" or "high risk" on FAIR.
- Retained students.
- Students new to the School who exhibit substantial deficiencies in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. A student who is not meeting the school district or state requirements for proficiency in reading and mathematics shall be covered by one of the following plans to target instruction and identify ways to improve his or her academic achievement: Individual Education Plan (IEP); School-wide system of progress monitoring for all students; or an individualized PMP.

To increase math proficiency in all grade – levels, but most notably with our Tier II students, WBA has chosen to use Camelot Learning, a hands-on curriculum, during before and after school tutorials and to be used during small group interventions because the lessons reach children of all learning styles, particularly the interpersonal, spatial, and kinesthetic learning styles typically not addressed by traditional curriculum. Camelot Learning's curriculum is aligned with National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM) standards and the Common Core Curriculum which strengthens skills necessary to master the Florida Standards. Lessons taught correlate to Florida Standard, It is the intent of Camelot for students to build foundational skills necessary to become successful in their school environment and to build confidence in their learning experiences. Camelot Learning's lessons are designed to reach children of all learning styles, and developed in accordance with the multiple intelligences model of learning. All of Camelot Learning's lessons prepare to apply concepts in problem solving situations. Vocabulary is an integral part of developing the skills and concepts necessary to explain solutions to problems. Because new teachers need support in delivering a math curriculum that aligns to the rigor of the Fl. Standards as well as to deliver the concrete, semi-concrete, abstract instruction which has proven successful in developing strong foundational skills, Camelot Learning curriculum is a wise choice due to the 40 scripted lessons with built in daily assessments. These scripted lessons and assessments support math teachers who are new or returning to teaching, to the district, or to a new grade – level so that students are engaged in research-based mathematics lessons that build foundational and problem-solving skills.

Camelot Learning was designed to help all students, especially reluctant learners, improve performance on standardized tests. Math skills are targeted through experiential learning. Based on Gardner's Multiple Intelligence model, the premise is that students who are not successful in traditional learning environments likely have dominant learning styles different from linguistic and logical intelligences which are the foundation of traditional educational. Focusing the curriculum on interpersonal, spatial, and kinesthetic learning styles, all students can engage in standards based tasks to master the Fl. standards. Hands-on lessons help students master essential skills and gain confidence in their ability to compute and problem solve. Learning styles are the basis for instruction, which provides differentiation while connecting mastery of skills to linguistic expression. By implementing Camelot Learning, WBA will realize the following student outcomes:

- The learner will demonstrate improved scores on standards-based tests by bridging mathematics skills acquired through alternate learning styles to linguistic and mathematical expression.
- The learner will be able to recognize and apply vocabulary that is an essential to mastery of mathematics.
- The learner will increase accuracy and speed in mathematics through mastery of mental math strategies and repetitive practice.
- The learner will interact with other students to learn mathematical skills and reinforce their skills by peer tutoring.
- The learner will build self-confidence by increasing their abilities with mathematics.

Camelot Learning Mathematics System uses experiential learning and teacher friendly strategies, with best practices and recommendations from the National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM). The recommendations from NCTM included in the Camelot Learning curriculum includes:

- Learning and practicing key skills to improve basic understandings in computation accuracy and mathematical competence;
- Game formats to promote interesting and active student involvement;
- Teacher scripts to reduce planning time and build in repetition and retention;
- Motivation points and ideas to reward students for daily participation; and
- Charts and workbooks to record student growth in number and fact acquisition

Forty lessons per theme include odd numbered lessons introducing new knowledge, and even numbered lessons reviewing that basic skill, culminating in standards-based assessments. Scripted lessons are designed to take 40 minutes. The format is as follows:

- Warm Up is a review of basic facts that also serves as a daily formative assessment.
- Introduction and Lesson: A motivating question or activity engages students, followed by a short lesson that introduces new information.
- Guided and Independent Practice follow the introduction of new material, where students apply the new information in solving Word problems or a game format.
- Activity: The hands-on activity incorporates strategies designed to enhance the understanding and practice of the targeted skill.
- Daily Assessment ends the lesson, with students competing in a standards based task. Students also evaluate the accuracy of the classmate's answers, and justify and support their thinking.
- Vocabulary Review is 5 10 minutes of each lesson, reviewing words, operations, definitions, and symbols of operations

To address ELA, Math, Science and Writing deficiencies in all grades, West Broward Academy has purchased the adaptive learning program, MobyMax. From the moment a student takes the diagnostic exam provided by MobyMax, students are continually monitored for standards mastery. Teachers can see student progress in the MobyMax data dashboard and can make immediate instructional decisions based upon this data. MobyMax differentiates learning for all students, filling in gaps of knowledge from grade level to grade level and students receive remedial instruction on a personalized basis. Students who are able to quickly master the material, can move through an accelerated program offered by MobyMax. MobyMax diagnostic and placement exam focuses on measuring each student's mastery of grade-level standards. Students are

presented "key" problems from each domain area that represents the most difficult skills in that domain. If a student fails these key problems, they are then presented problems for each of the standards in these domains. The test will end when a student has missed more than 60% of the standards they have been given. For instance, if a student misses 10% of the objectives in Kindergarten, 20% of the objectives in 1st grade, and 31% of the objectives in 2nd grade, they will finish the 2nd grade objectives and the placement test will end. These are the exams that determine the student's individually, and this data has been informing instruction in the classroom for teachers and helps them in the formation of small groups for individualized teacher-led attention. According to recent results, students using MobyMax with fidelity, coupled with the support of their classroom teacher, have gained one full grade level in both reading and mathematics. Because MobyMax is differentiated and personalized to each student's learning, it is also an excellent tool for students comprising all subgroups within the school's population.

For science deficiencies, all elementary students receive daily science instruction for 45 minutes using Science Fusion. Middle school students are scheduled on a 90-minute block and use the Science Fusion curriculum. This year, instructional strategies that are used in conjunction with Science Fusion and include exploration--based problem solving, on-line Science Fusion components and on-line web resources such as https://www.nsf.gov/news/classroom/, http://sciencenetlinks.com/, http://www.discoveryeducation.com/ as well as learning menus allowing for differentiated product and process. The Science curricula is integrated throughout the curriculum to the greatest extent possible. This is accomplished via thematic units, class and school-wide projects and community initiatives that lend themselves to this integration. Students participate in weekly lab assignments, maintain a Science journal beginning in Kindergarten to include field assignments. The school provides opportunities for students and teachers to interact with experts in different scientific fields through webinars, videos, lesson plans and other activities that making Science exciting for students, including the quarterly Family STEAM Night.

The Civics teacher has been trained for the 2017-2018 school year on the use of iCivics in addition to the core text, Florida Civics in Practice Integrated. The use of an experiential program allows students to understand and analyze the systems of government more effectively than simply the use of the primary textbook. This program is heralded for its ability to foster meaningful Civics discourse which will also benefit deficiencies in ELA. Students were administered a baseline assessment to determine the greatest areas of need. Based on the data which is charted below, Students will be immersed in instruction targeting all areas of the Civics EOC. Specific action steps are outlined in the Literacy section of this document.

#### Writing

West Broward Academy understands that writing is a key component that is integrated into all content areas and is not taught in isolation. In K – 2 and 3-5, writing instruction is facilitated through the Journeys curriculum which includes the resource myWriteSmart—which (as stated by the Journeys website, "offers an intuitive online writing environment linked to reading that guides students through the process of collecting compelling text evidence to write skilled analyses of two or more texts according to specific prompts, just like they'll encounter on Florida Standards Assessments. "In doing so, the Journeys online writing component connects all learning tasks with process writing in a multitude of subject areas in addition to using sources in writing, analytic writing, and multiple different performance tasks. This program allows teachers to monitor student writing from outline to completion and provides teachers the opportunity to evaluate work using eRater. The tools provided by myWriteSmart incorporate drafting, sourcing, and peer editing and is modeled for all teachers by an in-house expert who supports teachers during planning periods on the use of this component. These tools are also contained within West Broward Academy's supplemental academic program, MobyMax. This supplement to the Journeys writing curriculum is writing workshop by MobyMax. According to MobyMax, "writing Workshop makes writing fun and easy. Bite-sized lessons break down writing assignments into simple steps, allowing students to focus on and improve every aspect of their writing. Direct instruction, modeling, and hands- on practice ensure that your students build strong writing skills at their own pace. "Using writing workshop, teachers have the opportunity to assign projects that involve all three writing types: narrative,

persuasive (argumentative), and explanatory (informational). In addition, there are two separate modules provided for teachers. The writing assignment module offers opportunity for submission and revision of longer writing pieces. The short answer module of the writing workshop integrates writing across all subject areas. In K – 2 and in 3 - 5, students write daily for a 30-minute block. Journeys provides daily writing instruction that includes modeling, shared writing, and independent writing opportunities for students. Journeys guides teachers through a weekly Writing Mode and a Focus Trait for writing that changes for each Unit. Teachers are modeling and doing "think-alouds" to demonstrate the planning and writing process. Teachers design lessons using backwards planning using anchor texts from Journeys to demonstrate to students how to read through a story and then identify the parts (beginning, middle, and end) for planning. Students have multiple opportunities to respond to prompts that demonstrate writing proficiency by applying the weekly mode and focus traits. Also, this sample provide teachers with data for identify areas of growth to discuss at data chats and to guide their instructional planning.

In 6th – 8th grades, the Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Collections Program is used as the ELA core curriculum. Writing instruction is embedded within this curriculum, and performance tasks fully reflect current writing process pedagogy. The curriculum includes mentor texts to be used for conventions instruction, revision charts, and collaboration. Robust interactive lessons for all standards teach critical skills such as Writing Arguments, Using Textual Evidence, Evaluating Sources, and Using Media in Presentations. Teachers utilize writing maps aligned to Collections curriculum so that writing is taught within the reading curriculum rather than as an isolated skill. The Reading Coach has devoted time to explain the program's resources both from a student and teacher perspective, as well as how to use the program to differentiate instruction, assess, and use the curriculum technology (platform and digital tools) to meet the needs of all learners including our ELL and our ESE students. With this training, teachers can now enrich daily instruction by applying knowledge of program organization and pedagogy and support differentiation, assessment, and effective whole and small group instruction using program resources and instructional tools. Additionally, To support our students who need targeted intervention and for those who need enrichment in addition to our core curriculum various resources and on-line programs are utilized, such as http://achievethecore.org/, www.khanacademy.org, https://www.readworks.org, and www.readtheory.org.

Teaching and learning is paramount at WBA and to facilitate quality, teachers set professional goals based on their FSA results, classroom data, and observation feedback using the CSA Individual Professional Development Plan. School – wide Professional development for teachers not only align to teacher specific goals, but also target school – wide needs and grade-level needs and content specific needs as evidenced on FSA and baseline data and annual surveys and period surveys conducted by school administration. All teachers have been required to participate in mandatory PD topics as determined through annual CSA end –of- year survey, walk - through observation data, and FCA results. This PD has occurred prior to the start of school facilitated by Reading Coaches, Math Coaches, Principal and CSA staff targeting best instructional practices applicable to all content areas.

PD topics included:

- 90 Minute Reading Block
- 90 Minute Math Block
- Text Annotation and Close Reading
- Reading and Math Intervention Strategies for all students comprising all subgroups in the school's population
- Unpacking Standards
- Rigorous Centers/Stations
- PowerSchools
- Response to Intervention Procedures/Process
- Progress Monitoring Plan
- MobyMax

Additional professional growth opportunities have been, are currently, and will continue to occur during teacher planning days, weekly during

planning periods, and every Wednesday. Teachers also have opportunities offered through local agencies and BCSB. Training for these opportunities are facilitated by a coach/Resource Teacher/CSA staff. PD sessions are delivered by Principal/Teacher Expert/Coach. Topics for professional development include, but are not limited to:

- Elaboration Strategies
- Writing in all Content Areas
- Reading Strategies in all Content Areas
- Marzano Strategies
- Checks for Understanding
- Data Based Instruction
- Accountable Talk
- Concrete Semi-Concrete -Abstract Mathematics Delivery Model
- ELL Strategies

During the instructional day, teachers receive professional growth opportunities while working through a coaching cycle with a CSA coach or with the Resource Teacher. Coaching cycle targets are determined through administrative observations, student work/data, or personal request from the teacher. Additionally, CSA provides virtual PD through Observe4Success targeting over 500 instructional areas that can be assigned specifically to a teacher's area of growth as determined through observations or by teacher request. Following the PD, the teacher debriefs with the dean and/or Resource Teacher and / or coach to plan for immediate transference into instruction. Monitoring of this PD is achieved by accessing records provided byObserve4 success. By staying current in effective instructional practices, WBA teaches can deliver quality instruction to students.

To support ESE students, strategies are provided in the classroom by both the ESE Teacher and the General Education teacher. The strategies used with fidelity and on a consistent basis in all grade-levels and content areas include:

- Assignments and tasks are differentiated to meet the needs of individual students
- Use of step-by-step prompts
- Prior knowledge is provided to students before a lesson is taught
- Graphic organizers for visual breakdowns of concepts, skills, and strategies are employed
- Heterogeneous grouping with peer support is provided
- Directions and questions are re-worded when needed
- Choice boards / menus are used for students to show mastery of a skill
- Computer programs on student's instructional level with tutorials and lessons are utilized in reading, math and science and writing.
- Conspicuous steps and strategies are used to solve problems
- Continuous reviews are routine to improve fluency
- Visual displays and non-linguistic representations are used in all content areas and grade levels
- Immediate, specific, and growth feedback is provided to students

#### 6. Approved Educational Program

Identify and list each component of the school's approved educational program that has <u>not</u> been implemented as described in the school's approved charter application or charter contract and the rationale for <u>why</u> each component was not implemented (in narrative format):

West Broward Academy provides an educational program that has been approved by our governing board and according to our charter agreement with Broward County. The education plan aligns to our mission, is intended to provide rigorous instruction to students and is a

research-based curriculum aligned to Florida State Standards. This education plan ensures that West Broward Academy is designed to guarantee academic excellence in every classroom, and steady academic progress as students build their knowledge base and academic skills from one year to the next. Guidance is provided to teachers by the leadership team and Resource Teachers regarding the content to be addressed in specific courses and at specific grade levels to monitor student mastery of standards. Teachers monitor the progress of students through regular assessment to ensure that each student masters the content of every lesson. Teachers regularly review student progress and develop personal learning plans and goals with each student through data chats.

Charter School Associates, Our Educational Management Organization, provides guidance and curriculum support through professional development and personnel necessary to see the process through. The following information provides clarity on our process. Some elements that were not implemented with fidelity included: lack of data driven instruction, inconsistent progress monitoring and weak implementation of curriculum and instructional techniques and using fidelity in making data-driven decision making. The result and outcome was the school grade of "F" for 2017. Contained herein is an explanation of the education model and how it drives instruction effectively when implemented with fidelity. The processes implemented will ensure fidelity and consistent progress monitoring, resulting in an increase in student achievement.

There are several components in the education plan that align to Florida's Continuous Improvement Model (FOCUS) to ensure students are appropriately prepared to master state standards. The components are as follows:

#### Baseline Assessment and Data (was not implemented with fidelity)

In compliance with Florida Statue 1008.22, baseline assessments are administered to establish where each student is in relation to grade level expectations and to determine appropriate placement. The first administration of the baseline assessments provides data to identify initial student mastery of concepts and areas of needed for remediation, identify students' strengths and weaknesses; to effectively target instruction; and to set school-level, classroom-level, and individual student-level goals. This starts at the beginning of the school year with the review of students' scores on the state-mandated assessment from the previous school year. Further, baseline data is obtained throughout the year with standards-aligned pre-tests that are utilized prior to each new unit of instruction.

#### Data-Driven Instruction (was not implemented with fidelity)

Our leaders and teachers analyze assessment data, and then provide targeted professional development to support teachers' knowledge base of the best instructional strategies to employ that meet the needs of each student. Teachers then have the information to effectively adjust instructional focus through spiral teaching and employ regrouping and other differentiation strategies to ensure that each student is making progress towards mastery of specific skills and content. Using this innovative approach of data-driven instruction and ongoing teacher support targeting the needs of each student, we ensure a culture of continuous improvement and increased student achievement. While the core segments are consistent, the instructional methods are dependent on the needs of the individual student as revealed by the data. Rather than a one-size-fits-all approach, innovative learning methods are utilized, and range from any or all f the following strategies:

- Student-centered Learning
- Blended Learning
- Marzano's Nine High Probability Instructional Strategies
- Cross-Curricular Instruction and Learning
- Multiple Intelligences
- Project-based Learning
- Cooperative Learning

After data-driven instruction, formative assessments are given to determine areas of growth and are used to continue to identify instructional priorities. Assessments measure instructional effectiveness and student achievement, and are an integral part of the education model. Formative assessments provide a systematic and regular measurement of students' progress in the classroom, and are the processes used to drive instructional practice. Summative assessments provide students with multiple opportunities to demonstrate standards mastery. Each teacher utilizes classroom assessments from the WBA curriculum resources. Other forms of assessments include exit tickets, quizzes, projects, essays, and more. Timely and specific feedback of student performance on grade level standards, through data chats, is then discussed to establish individualized goals for all students as provided by research conducted by Robert Marzano. To provide additional feedback in the instructional decision-making process, WBA uses a variety of school-wide assessments including EasyCBM, MobyMax, and Running Reading Records. Data chats are conducted weekly during grade-level meetings to analyze the week's assessment of student achievement and instruction is designed based on the most current data collected from the week's assessment. Bi-monthly data chats with teachers and the administrative team provide a forum for reflecting on the data and designing appropriate instruction to progress to the next level with students. CSA requires students to be assessed, in addition to state requirements, a minimum of three times a year: Baseline 8/21/2017 – 9/1/2017; Mid-Year: 12/4/17-12/22/17 Data Based Review: 1/29/18 – 2/9/18

Classroom Walk-through – Principals and other instructional leaders spend time, at least weekly, observing the classroom for an impression of the quality of teaching and learning that is occurring using Observe4Success. The Principal looks for:

- Research-based teaching strategies
- Fluid student grouping patterns and engagement structures
- Use of instructional technology: Use of document cameras, computers, Smart Boards
- Instructional targets, objectives, mastery goals
- Rigorous Work: Bloom's taxonomy and Depths of Knowledge
- Walk-through data is used to coach the teacher, measure the impact of staff development and support professional learning communities
  to perfect instruction.

Progress Monitoring - Official ongoing progress monitoring includes:

- Fluency assessments
- Running Records
- Phonics & Phonemic Awareness assessments
- Interim Standards Assessments

The same assessments are administered to all students within all subgroups comprising the school's population, including each component of the FAIR. In-program assessments are also administered to these students. Accommodations for these students are provided, as appropriate, as described on the Florida Assessments for Instruction in Reading Approved Accommodations List.

Listed below are measurement tools used for assessment purposes to monitor progress throughout this year. These are used to determine the progress of students with regards to mastery of the standards, and reaching a level of proficiency on the FSA. The listed assessment tools do not preclude us from incorporating other measures that may be determined necessary to support our mission:

• MobyMax – This computer-based tools provides a wealth of information to the teacher, the leadership team and to Charter School

Associates. Through formative assessments this program provides a means to monitor student progress in real time making the dissecting and analysis of data more effective. The program provides and adaptive curriculum, aligned to Florida Standards, which creates an individualized plan for each student. This allows advanced students to progress while insuring that remedial students get the extra help they need. MobyMax is utilized for beginning of the year assessments and mid - year assessments. The program is used for supplementing instruction as well as this platform provides instructional tools as well as assessment components.

- EasyCBM EasyCBM provides two different types of math measures, based on the National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM) Curriculum Focal Point Standards. The reading assessments available on the system are based on the 'Big Five' constructs of reading reported in the 2000 National Reading Panel report. Included are measures of early literacy (Letter Names, Phoneme Segmenting), phonics (Letter Sounds), fluency (Word and Passage Reading Fluency) vocabulary, and reading comprehension. This platform is used for progress monitoring every six weeks. Students who score below grade-level are considered deficient.
- All students receiving <u>Tier 3</u> interventions in mathematics will initially be assessed with EasyCBM: Number & Operations in grades K-2 and Number, Operations, & Algebra in grades 3-5.
- These assessments are designed to be administered once every 3-4 weeks.
- Remember, do NOT use percent correct. Analyze the raw score (items correct) and the equivalent percentile band to determine if a measure is appropriate.
- If the student performs below the 10th percentile on the initial assessment, you will want to progress monitor with measures from one grade level below.

<b>Retained Kinder</b>	garten	Administer	the Kindergarten:	Number and Opera	tions Assessment		
Fall to S	Spring (September t	o June)	Winter to Spring (January to June)				
	opriate? Does the stud ntile according to the I		Is this measure appropriate? Does the student's raw score fall below the 50 <sup>th</sup> percentile according to the WINTER EasyCBM norms?				
Items Correct	Percentile Band	30 week Goal	Items Correct	Percentile Band	15 week Goal		
0-4	1st-5th	10	0-7	1st-5th	10		
5	5 <sup>th</sup> -10 <sup>th</sup>	11	8	5 <sup>th</sup> -10 <sup>th</sup>	11		
6	11 <sup>th</sup> -15 <sup>th</sup>	12	9	11 <sup>th</sup> -15 <sup>th</sup>	12		
7	16 <sup>th</sup> -30 <sup>th</sup>	13	10-11	16 <sup>th</sup> -30 <sup>th</sup>	13		
8	31st-40th	14	12	31st-40th	14		
9	41st-50th	15	13	41st-50th	15		

First Grade	Administer the First Grade: Number and Operations Assessment							
Fall to	Spring (September t	to June)	Winter	to Spring (January	to June)			
Is this measure app	ropriate? Does the stud	ent's raw score fall	Is this measure appr	opriate? Does the stud	ent's raw score fall			
between the 10th an	nd 50th percentile accord	ding to the FALL	between the 10th and	l 50 <sup>th</sup> percentile accord	ding to the WINTER			
EasyCBM norms?			EasyCBM norms?					
Items	Percentile	30 week	Items	Percentile	15 week			
Correct	Band	Goal	Correct	Band	Goal			
6-7	10 <sup>th</sup> -20 <sup>th</sup>	13	9-10	10 <sup>th</sup> -20 <sup>th</sup>	13			
8	21st-30th	14	11	21st-30th	14			
9	31st-40th	15	12	31st-40th	15			
10	41st-50th	16	13	41st-50th	16			

Second Grade		Administer the	Second Grade: <i>Ni</i>	umber and Operat	ions Assessment
Fall to S	Spring (September t	o June)	Winter	to Spring (January t	to June)
Is this measure appro	opriate? Does the stud	ent's raw score fall	Is this measure appr	opriate? Does the stud	ent's raw score fall
between the 10th and	50 <sup>th</sup> percentile accord	ling to the FALL	between the 10th and	d 50th percentile accord	ling to the WINTER
EasyCBM norms?			EasyCBM norms?		
Items	Percentile	30 week	Items	Percentile	15 week
Correct	Band	Goal	Correct	Band	Goal
5-6	10 <sup>th</sup> -20 <sup>th</sup>	10	7-8	10 <sup>th</sup> -20 <sup>th</sup>	10
7	21st-30th	11	9	21st-30th	11
8	31st-40th	12	10-11	31st-40th	12
9	41st-50th	13	12	41st-50th	14

Reading criteria for determining students who are deficient in grades K – 2.

## Kindergarten Reading Measures

Percentile	Phone	Phoneme Segmenting		L	Letter Names Le		etter Sounds		Word Reading Fluency			
rercennie	Fall	Win	Spr	Fall	Win	Spr	Fall	Win	Spr	Fall	Win	Spr
$10^{th}$	0	6	21	3	13	29	0	6	19	0	1	3
25 <sup>th</sup>	0	16	33	11	22	36	1	14	27	0	2	7
50 <sup>th</sup>	6	31	43	24	35	45	6	26	35	1	3	13
75 <sup>th</sup>	15	41	51	34	43	54	13	34	44	2	7	22
90 <sup>th</sup>	29	50	59	45	50	66	24	39	52	4	13	41

**Grade 1 Reading Measures** 

D	Phone	eme Segme	enting	L	etter Name	es	L	etter Sound	ds	Word	Reading F	luency	Passage	e Reading l	Fluency
Percentile	Fall	Win	Spr	Fall	Win	Spr	Fall	Win	Spr	Fall	Win	Spr	Fall	Win	Spr
10 <sup>th</sup>	15	31	35	20	34	42	15	25	30	3	10	18	1	10	20
25 <sup>th</sup>	27	38	42	28	42	49	24	32	37	8	16	30	3	16	37
50 <sup>th</sup>	37	50	52	40	56	68	31	41	45	15	28	49	7	32	60
75 <sup>th</sup>	46	59	61	47	69	80	37	50	52	31	49	70	17	69	95
90 <sup>th</sup>	54	66	67	59	80	90	44	58	62	54	69	84	43	107	124

**Grade 2 Reading Measures** 

Percentile	Word	Word Reading Fluency			Passage Reading Fluency		10000	IC Readir		Vocabulary		
1 ereemine	Fall	Win	Spr	Fall	Win	Spr	Fall	Win		Fall	Win	Spr
10 <sup>th</sup>	13	18	32	26	32	45	3	4	5	4	6	7
25 <sup>th</sup>	24	35	48	41	57	73	5	6	7	5	9	10
50 <sup>th</sup>	41	53	65	64	83	102	7	9	10	9	11	11
75 <sup>th</sup>	58	68	80	89	108	129	9	11	11	11	12	12
90 <sup>th</sup>	72	80	92	116	128	156	10	11	12	12	12	12

- Instructional Focus Assessments: Tests typically given every week and are aligned to specifications of Florida Standards and NGSSS. They are designed to measure mastery of competencies. Instruction and assessment match the skills and concepts that are aligned to the pacing Guides and the curriculum.
- Standards-Based Assessments: Formative assessments that are designed to evaluate whether a student has mastered a specific standard. Each assessment measures the academic performance of each student on a certain standard, based on content that has been introduced and practiced multiple times. These are teacher-created or from curriculum resources and are used in all subjects.
- Diagnostic Assessments: MobyMax and CSA developed tests are the basis for diagnostic and baseline assessments.
- Running Records determine students' independent and instructional reading levels according to the F&P Text Level Gradient. Running Records are administered quarterly for K 2 students.
- FAIR administration is implemented according to the FI. FAIR assessment windows and are provided for students in grades 3 5.

### Grading and Reporting (was not implemented with fidelity)

West Broward Academy implements the philosophy that requires academic grades only reflect mastery of the grade level standards. To ensure integrity, academic grades reflect work completed in class. Work completed outside of the supervision of the teachers, such as homework, can be included in a practice grade, but not a mastery grade.

Grading a student's work solely on the standard that was taught allows the School to have a true indicator of the proficiency level of students as grades will not be skewed by non-academically related aspects. To support academic success, students are given multiple opportunities to practice what is taught to demonstrate mastery. If there is no mastery of the standard, the standard is retaught and the student has the opportunity to retest or correct mistakes.

Parents have real-time access to grades in the electronic grade book. Teachers can frequently communicate with families before an interim progress report or report card is issued to address any concerns about students who are failing their assignments.

Reporting in the student information system offers our school the capability of disaggregating data by individual student, by individual class, and by grade level. It also offers teachers, parents, and student's online access to student data. Student achievement data is included in each student's file and makes year-to-year evaluation and tracking of benchmarks more efficient. It also provides all stakeholders information to make decisions about differentiating instruction for each student.

#### Decision & Progress Monitoring (was not implemented with fidelity)

Teachers and administrators formulate decisions regarding implementation of the curriculum based on student performance and data. These decisions include to either move instruction on to a new standard beginning with a baseline assessment, or revisit the same standard through differentiated instruction, reaching students who need remediation or acceleration. A unique and innovative aspect of this education model is the fact that teachers do not simply move on to the next standard after assessment, but may continue re-teaching based on students' needs. The teacher re-teaches, either by whole-class or small-group instruction, until all students have mastered the standard. These decisions are determined through data chats and team meetings. The Instructional Pacing Guide serves as a resource to assist teachers in staying on track as they prepare students for the Florida Standards Assessment.

As part of the professional development plan, a member of the leadership team leads data chats. Teachers meet by grade level to analyze student data to ensure that they have a clear understanding of the importance of providing data-driven instruction. The data chats pin-point the strategies to be utilized in each classroom, including recognizing skills that each individual student needs to master. These meetings are integral to the school-wide and classroom goals setting, and motivate teachers to be continually committed to the academic growth of our students. Likewise, teachers conduct data chats with their students so the students are involved in the learning process. At all times, students know where they are regarding mastery of skills.

After analysis of data is conducted, teachers plan together by grade level, in conjunction with administrative team members, to ensure that learning objectives are aligned to state standards and the Instructional Pacing Guide. Pacing guides are provided for all FSA and EOC assessment courses. Teachers are also involved in vertical planning. This is helpful because the teachers at next grade level can inform the previous grade level teachers of where there are deficiencies or gaps in student learning so they can be addressed.

To meet the needs of our students, teachers follow the Education Model and data-driven decision making with regard to the instructional strategies used within the classroom. Teachers use various strategies to reach all learners, such as cross-curricular instruction, blended learning, project-based learning, and others. The core instructional strategies used at our school include Marzano's nine high probability instructional strategies. These strategies can greatly influence and assist teachers in planning lessons that truly meet the learning needs of all students. Having teachers reflect on classroom practices, procedures and instructional strategies implemented in their classroom is a technique that can assist them in raising the quality of their classroom instruction. Each of the strategies provides students with a learning environment that is academically rigorous, challenging, innovative, and focused on individual student learning needs. Marzano's nine high-yield instructional strategies support our instructional philosophy and practice.

Teachers are provided various professional development opportunities during teacher planning periods, after school and before school, on Saturdays and on Wednesday. Needs assessments are conducting annually by CSA to determine specific school-wide needs. Immediate areas of need on the campus are determined based on observations and teacher requests. The administrative team can assign professional development through Observe4scussess following an observation or a discussion with a teacher. Follow-up to the PD includes a debrief with the Principal, Dean or the Coach or Resource Teacher. Additional professional development is obtained through the Resource Teacher and Coach during coaching sessions. When professional development opportunities are provided, it is the expectation that all teachers, including specials and elective teachers, attend any training regarding reading, writing, STEM and instructional best practices/strategies. Content specific training for social studies, math and science are provided to content area teachers in addition to the CSA required trainings.

West Broward Academy's goal is to use the evaluative measurement assessments and tools listed above to analyze data, target instruction and progress monitor so that teachers and students have an ongoing source of data to help increase student achievement. In addition, all data collected and reviewed determines the level of intervention of instruction needed to increase learning for all students attending the school.

### 7. Addressing Identified Deficiencies

Provide a <u>detailed</u> plan for addressing each identified <u>deficiency</u> noted in <u>part 6</u>, including specific actions, person responsible, resources needed, and timeline. How will each program be implemented in the future? How will teachers be prepared for implementation? Or, if the program(s) will not be implemented, will another program replace it?

Identified deficiencies and plans for remediation are below. West Broward Academy is committed to implementing the specific actions below to increase student achievement during the 2017-2018 school year.

Specific Actions	Persons Responsible	Resources	Timeline
	Baseline Assessment and D	ata <mark>(not implemented with fidelity)</mark>	
All teachers identify initial student mastery of concepts and areas for remediation, within the first two weeks of school using CSA developed assessments. This data, along with FSA scores, are reviewed.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	CSA Baseline Assessments	September 2017 – June 2018
Using core curriculum assessments, MobyMax, EasyCBM, FAIR, Running Reading Records, FLKRS and other required assessments, the school continually obtains data to monitor student progress and mastery of standards.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Curriculum Assessments Easy CBM FAIR Running Reading Records	September 2017 – June 2018
Consistent data chats using the CSA Protocol analysis and evaluation tool, are held weekly during team and grade level meetings using core formative assessments.  Monthly data chats with administrators and teachers, result in refining the school's curriculum developed by CSA and aligned to Florida standards.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	CSA Data Chat Protocol Current Data	September 2017 – June 2018
Each student develops, along		Student Achievement Goal	

with their parent and teacher, an academic plan to include individual student goals to achieve learning gains. This plan is developed utilizing individual student data chat forms.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Setting Plan	September 2017
	Data-Driven Instruction (no	ot implemented with fidelity)	
Data drives instruction and teachers receive training on the process of identifying data trends.	D. Baggs, Principal D.Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Professional Development	September 2017 – June 2018
To support student learning and achievement, Professional Development is held Wednesday of each week for one hour after school. To implement researched based effective instructional strategies, curriculum experts and teacher leaders, facilitate training in the following strategies:  • Student-centered Learning	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher Building experts	Professional Development	September 2017 – June 2018
<ul> <li>Blended Learning</li> <li>Marzano's Nine High         Probability Instructional         Strategies</li> <li>Cross-Curricular         Instruction and         Learning</li> <li>Multiple Intelligences</li> <li>Project-based Learning</li> <li>Cooperative Learning</li> </ul>	OBT I		

Consistent data chats, using the CSA protocol analysis and evaluation tool, are held weekly during team and grade level meetings using core curriculum formative assessments and MobyMax data to compare growth and to address deficiencies. Monthly data chats with administrators, teachers, and support staff are held during the school day during teacher planning periods and result in refining pacing guides developed by CSA and to arrange tutorial program attendance needs. Between data chats, the leadership team will support teachers and monitor student achievement.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher  Decisions and Progress Monitoria	Professional Development Data Chat Schedule Data	September 2017 – June 2018
Teachers engage in data chats with their students twice quarterly so the students are involved in the learning process. At all times, student know where they are regarding mastery of skills. Current formative assessment data, MobyMax data, and CSA assessment data is used to review student progress. The CSA goal-setting template completed for every child is used to adjust goals as needed.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Goal Sheets Data Binders Meeting Attendance Sheets Walk – Through Forms	August 2017 – June 2018

Grade-level teachers and the Resource Teacher plan instruction together on a weekly basis to unpack standards and ensure that learning objectives aligned to state standards and to design rigorous tasks reflective of DOK levels 3 and 4. ESE Specialist and ELL contact teacher also provide guidance in scaffolding these lessons with appropriate accommodations to meet the needs of all learners.  Weekly, walk-throughs are recorded in CSA's tool of										
choice, Observe4Success.			(1000)							
Observation forms specific to										
each content area are used		1								
and followed by immediate										
feedback to the teacher										
electronically.										
	Grading and Reporting (Not implemented with fidelity)									
Academic grades reflect work completed in class. Work completed outside of the supervision of the teachers, such as homework, can be included in a practice grade, but not in a mastery grade.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Student Work	August 2017 – June 2018							
Teachers communicate grades at the interim and at the end-of-quarter. PowerSchools is used to record and report grades to parents. Additionally, parents have real time access to student grades, assignments,	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	PowerSchools	August 2017 – June 2018							

attendance, etc.			
Teachers maintain a data binder for quick and up-to-date access to current data for each student. This data is used during data chats and team/grade – level meetings. The binder also contains a record of student discipline, attendance, and progress monitoring data.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Data Binder Data Forms Current Data	August 2017 – June 2018

#### 8. Barriers to Student Success

Identify other <u>barriers</u> to student success, with a <u>detailed</u> plan for addressing <u>each</u> barrier including specific actions, person responsible, resources needed and timeline. Barriers should be listed and addressed individually. A chart format is acceptable. Barriers are not based on student performance data, but rather on outside influences: i.e.: high teacher turnover, lack of technology, or limited professional development. How will the school address the identified/listed barriers?

The Leadership Team at West Broward Academy has identified barriers to student success and strategies to overcome these hurdles. Below are plans to overcome student barriers encountered during the 2016-2017 school year.

Deficiency	Specific Actions	Person	Resources	Timeline
		res <mark>ponsi</mark> ble	Needed	
Support for new teachers	To address this barrier for the	Donna Baggs,	NESS Binders	August 2017-
to CSA and to WBA with	2017-2018 school year and to	Principal Principal	Meeting Notes	June 2018
fidelity and formality	improve teacher retention, the		Sigh-In Sheets/Verification	
	school has implemented a new		Forms	
	teacher program developed by			
	Charter School Associates -			
	Associate's New Educator's			
19	Support System. This program			
	consists of the sixteen teacher	17		
	competencies required by the	W		
	State of Florida. Teachers are	V	- II II a.	
	mentored by veterans in the field,			
	leadership team members, and	The second		
	CSA staff.			

Lack of Proficiency with	Whether a teacher is new to the profession or is a seasoned teacher, if he/she is "new to the school" and must participate. The New Educator Support System provided by CSA will meet the requirements for new teachers seeking professional certification.  In the 2017-2018 school year,	Donna Baggs,	Chromebook,	November 2017
Use of Technology in the Classroom in the 2016-2017 school year.	there are multiple professional development opportunities for teachers to implement the online components:  • Interactive EPSON	Principal	Computer labs, Interactive Whiteboards	September 2017 September 2017
	<ul> <li>Interactive EPSON         White Boards</li> <li>Think Central –         Journeys and</li> <li>Science Fusion online         components.</li> <li>MobyMax</li> <li>National Geographic         Inside online         component</li> </ul>			October 2017
Staff Turnover	Since February 2017, WBA has had consistent administrative stability. The administration receives formal support from a CSA Area Director, on a monthly basis, and informal support daily on all curricular and operational issues from an Area Director, V.P. and Sr. Vice President of Curriculum and V.P. of Operations. Teachers were provided an incentive to remain at the school for the entirety of	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Leadership Support Teacher Support System	2017-2018 school year

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The core and intensive curriculum in reading and math were not implemented with consistently nor with fidelity. Teachers did not receive training for core curriculum nor did they have daily support from a Resource Teacher.	resources. Within the document, specific PD is elaborated. A Resource Teacher has been hired and designs lesson plans with teachers and assists them with curricular issues. Resource Teacher ensures that curriculum	D Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher Z. Tecero, Reading Coach A. Arbesu, Math Coach	Monitoring with Fidelity Support for teacher planning	August 2017 – June 208
The school did not implement an effective Response to Intervention (RTI) program using student academic and behavior information to identify students with learning and behavior needs to guarantee that those in danger of failure and/or retention are receiving assistance and support.	is used with fidelity.  School staff has been trained in the Response to Intervention process and has begun the process. An RTI team has been established and is comprised of the Principal, the Dean, the Resource Teacher and grade level teachers.  Meeting monthly, the team addresses students of concern and reviews their current achievement data as well as their attendance and behavior data.	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean S. Myers, ESE Specialist	Monitoring with Fidelity Support for teacher planning	August 2017 – June 2018
Services supporting the RTI process were not formalized and were inconsistent.	West Broward Academy utilizes ESE certified teachers, paraprofessionals and other highly qualified teachers to push into classrooms to assist with the RTI process, co-teach in math, reading and science on a daily	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean S. Myers, ESE Specialist	Monitoring with Fidelity Support for teacher planning	August 2017 – June 2018

	basis. The intervention is scheduled throughout the elementary schedule for 30 minutes a day. The middle school schedule push- in	UL	1900	
	focuses on the level 1 and 2 students in math and reading. During planning time, the			
	classroom teacher coordinates with the supporting certified teacher to meet the needs of students.			
Extended Learning	West Broward Academy is	D. Baggs,	Monitoring with	November
Opportunities	offering a 16 week	Principal	Fidelity Support	2017 - March
were not held consistently.	extended day program for	D. Hugue,	for teacher	2018
Curriculum was not	students in grades 3 - 8. This	Dean	planning	
researched- based.	opportunity is scheduled on		Curriculum	
	Monday, Tuesday and Thursday		Training	
	with a focus on Reading, Math and Science. The program		MAFS/LAFS Curriculum	
	begins November 16th and is		Curriculum	
	held from 4:00 to 5:00 PM and			1
	will be taught by teachers and			
	staff. Implementation of READY			-
	MAFS and LAFS will be the			
	curriculum used to improve the		III.	
	understanding and learning of			
	ELA and Math concepts.			

#### 9. Student Achievement Outcomes

Provide a description of <u>specific</u> student achievement outcomes to be achieved. What are the expectations, based on the student performance data provided?

#### 2017 - 2018 WBA Goals

#### ELA Goals K - 2:

• 85% of students will demonstrate achievement at "High Probability of Reading Success" or "Moderate Probability of Reading Success" based on results of the FAIR Spring Assessment.

#### Math Goals K-2:

• 55 % of students will score proficiently on the K – 2 End – of – Year Assessment administered according to the District Calendar in 2018

#### **ELL Target Goals 3 -8: Proficiency Target:**

- As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 20% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate proficiency.
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 20% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate proficiency.

### **Learning Gains Target 3 -8:**

- As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 50% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate an increase in learning gains by 5% in reading
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 50% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate an increase in learning gains by 5% in Mathematics

### Lowest 25% Target 3 -8:

- As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 85% of ELL students will demonstrate an increase in learning gains
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 85% of ELL students will demonstrate an increase in learning gains

### WIDA- ACCES 2.0 Target - K -8

As measured by the WIDA – ACCESS 2.0., 50% of ELL students will attain language proficiency

### **ESE Target Goals 3-8: Proficiency Target: 3-8**

- As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 20% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate proficiency.
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 20% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate proficiency.

#### **Learning Gains Target: 3-8**

- As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 50% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate an increase in learning gains by 5% in reading
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 50% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate an increase in learning gains by 5% in Mathematics

### Lowest 25% Target:

- As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 85% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate an increase in learning gains
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 85% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate an increase in learning gains

#### **Literacy Target Goals: 3-8 Proficiency Target:**

As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 55% of students in grades 3-8 will score proficient

#### **Learning Gains Target: 3-8**

School wide FSA ELA learning gains overall will meet or exceed the district average at 54% or higher.

#### Lowest 25% Target:

As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 85% of students in grades 3-8 will demonstrate in increase in learning gains

#### Mathematics Target Goals: Proficiency Target: 3 -8

- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 50% of students in grades 3-8 will score proficient Learning Gains Target:3 -8
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 60% of students in grades 3-8 will demonstrate in increase in learning gains by 3% as provided through mathematical instructional strategies contained in the school improvement plan.

#### Lowest 25% Target: 3-8

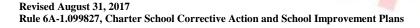
As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 85% of students in grades 3-8 will demonstrate in increase in learning gains

#### Science Target Goal: 5th grade 8th grade:

- As measured by the 2018 State-wide assessment in 5th grade science, students in grade 5 will meet the state goal from 2017 of 52%.
- As measured by the 2018 State-wide assessment in 8th grade science, students in grade 5 will meet the state goal from 2017 of 48%.
- K 2 students, 3rd and 4th grade students will master the appropriate grade-level benchmarks as indicated on FI DOE by the end of the 2017-2018 school year measured through Science Fusion summative assessments.

### **Civics Target Goal: 7th grade**

As measured by the 2018 State-wide assessment in Civics, students meet the state goal from 2017 of 69%.



#### **Parent Involvement Action Plan**

**Strategies and Activities to Increase Parent Participation** – State the strategies and activities for parents to be implemented that logically support this goal. Each of the strategies or activities in the plan should be measurable and clearly identify expected outcomes (e.g.: What evidence will be documented to demonstrate student progress in achieving the goal? What research-based practices must staff utilize to support parents?). Address the needs of all subgroups.

Parent Involvement Go	al: Based on the analysis of the parent invo	olvement data, ide	ntif <mark>y</mark> and define an area in need of improve <mark>men</mark>	t.		
Forty percent (40%) of	parents of students in grades	K-8 will parti	c <mark>ipate in at least one parent prog</mark>	gram during the 2016-18 so	chool year.	
2016-2017 Current Level of Parent Involvement: Indicate percent of parents who participated in parent involvement activities. Include the number of parents the percentage represents [i.e., 32% (384)]  15% Total number: 346			2017-2018 Expected Level of Parent Involvement: Indicate percent of parents are expected to participate in parent involvement activities for the upcoming year. Include the numparents the percentage represents [i.e., 40% (480)]  40 % Total number: 566			
Activity	Strategies and Activities to increase student Achievement (explanation of how this activity strengthens/impacts the school parental involvement efforts on student learning)	Start – End Date	Evaluation Tool (questionnaires, sign-in forms, evaluation of meeting, etc.)	Title or Position Responsible for Coordinating/Monitoring	Amount/Funding Source	
Orientation		August 2017	Parent Survey	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	No funding necessary	
Open House		September 2017	Parent Survey	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	No funding necessary	

2017-2018 School Improvement Plan (SIP) - CHARTER SCHOOL VERSION

				1	1
	overview of the				
	instructional process and				
	the expectations needed				
	for home learning.	Bear of	~ V II ASA A		
	Translators are made				
	available, as needed.				
Parent Academies	Parent Academies for	Monthly	Sign-In Sheet	D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed
ESOL Academies	parents of students in		Immediate Response	D. Hugue, Dean	
ESE Academies	grades K-2, 3-5, 6-8		Evaluation/Survey	J. Pino, resource	
2027.0000111100	parents provide parents		Z varaction in Sun voy	Teacher	
	with a deeper			Z. Tercero, Reading	
4	understanding of grade			Coach	
	level benchmarks and			Coacii	
	Florida Standards Topps				
	and strategies for home				
	learning are modeled.				
	Translators are made				
	available and WBA offers				
	these academies at flexible				
	times to accommodate				
	working families.				
400	September:		7	100	
Contract of the Contract of th	Literacy Jamboree			Part of the last o	
	October:	F 100			
	Reading and Math at			10.00	
	Home			AT.	
	November:				
	STEAM Challenge Night				
	January:				
	Preparing for			A STATE OF THE STA	
10	Academic Success:				
	FSA Components				
	February:		142		
	Organization and Study			The state of the s	
	Skills				
	March:		1		
	Read to Achieve	E .			
	(Includes Early	AT MAN			
	Literacy tips/strategies)	AV AV IN			
	April:				

	Family Writes!  May: Preparing for an Educational Summer	WU	rg Wa		
Quarterly STEAM Nights	These evenings involve parents with making connections and establishing stronger relationships with other families and school members through handson experiences with STEAM activities at levels K – 8 <sup>th</sup> grade. Translators are made available as needed.	Quarterly	Sign-In Sheets Parent Surveys	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Not Needed
Parent/Profession al Reading Day	Each semester, parents and local professionals volunteer to read informational text to students in K – 8 that emphasizes careers and professions. Parents sign up through the teacher and a schedule for grade-levels is published. Follow - Up activities conducted by the teacher bridges the text to real- life experiences. Connections are made between the text, the career and the current area of study.	January 2018	Sign-in Sheet Student Surveys Questionnaires	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean All grade level teachers J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Not Needed

FSA Workshop	This workshop is designed to give parents strategies to assist their child at home in preparation for the FSA targeting ELA strategies and math fundamentals. Translators will be made available, as needed for parents of ELL students.	January 2018	Parent Survey Parent Attendance	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Not Needed
Academic Competitions & Award Ceremonies	Parents are encouraged to attend Curriculum Fair/Events and student recognition ceremonies. The impact results in greater parent involvement increasing home support and learning.	Quarterly	Parent Activity Feedback forms Parent Survey	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Not Needed
Increased Communication	Parent conferences are held regularly and result in a collaborative plan for school and home learning to support achievement. Translators are made available, for Parent Academies.  PowerSchools translates messages into home language.  Homework planners are utilized as communication	Quarterly as needed	Parent Survey Attendance Sheets	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	No Funding Necessary
	logs and provide daily notes from teachers regarding academic and behavioral updates.  New Alert System that allows texts, emails,	7 n	V En ARI		

2017-2018 School Improvement Plan (SIP) - CHARTER SCHOOL VERSION

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	website update, powerschool portal update and social media update all at once in preferred home language. New Alert System allows PDF attachments (I.e. parent notifications, ELL/ESE Parent Notifications, Parent conference forms) WBA website is updated daily with important events and dates.  A parent center in the Front Office publicizes upcoming events and important dates.  Message board in carline provides parents with important dates and upcoming events.  Frequent call – outs, through PowerSchools, provide parents with important dates and events in the home language of the student.  ENotify bulletins provide monthly newsletters to all homes.				
ELL	Support for the parents of	Daily	Parent Survey	D. Baggs, Principal	No Funding
Parental Support	ESE parents students is evidenced from:	Dally	Attendance Sheets Follow-Up Survey	D. Hugue, Dean	Necessary

2017-2018 School Improvement Plan (SIP) - CHARTER SCHOOL VERSION

2017-2010 School Impro	venient Flan (SIF) - CHARTI	RECTOOL VERSION	
ESE Parent Support	Support for the parents of		
	ESE parents students is evidenced from:	DULU IMA	
	Frequent parent conferences		
	Specific parental information nights targeting ESE strategies		
	Specific parental information nights targeting ELL strategies		
	Information conveying ESE school meetings, school		
	events local events from FDLRS and Family Central		
	are sent home electronically and on paper		
	in the home language.		
	Information conveying ELL school meetings, school		
	events local events from		
	FDLRS and Family Central are sent home		
	electronically and on paper		
	in the home language.		
	To increase parent attendance, students' work		
	or a student demonstration		
	is presented during parent		
	meetings.		
	Website provides study tips		

for all students, including ESE.
Website provides study tips for all students, including ELL.
WBA school meetings/events/functions provide a teacher translator for Spanish speakers. Translators for other languages are provided.
WBA provides a Give One  – Get One book depository to encourage and support early literacy, home
learning, and reading to learn initiatives.

### **English Language Learners (ELLs) Action Plan**

**Student Strategies and Activities** – State the strategies and activities for students to be implemented that logically support your goal. Identify whether the strategies or activities are implemented before school, during school or after school. Each of the strategies or activities in the plan should be measurable and clearly identify expected outcomes (e.g.: What evidence will be documented to demonstrate student progress in achieving the goal? What instructional practices must staff utilize to support the literacy achievement of all students?). Include literacy strategies that address reading, writing, listening, and speaking standards.

To increase ELL student performance, specific strategies are outlined below, however, strategies utilized in all grade levels include:

- Teachers elicit nonverbal responses such as a thumbs up and thumbs down to monitor understanding of concepts.
- Teachers modify teacher talk and practice wait time in the classroom.
- The pronunciation of new vocabulary is stressed by teachers and accompanied by its phonetic transliteration. New vocabulary is paired up with visual representations and definitions that use simplified language.
- Teachers use peer-tutoring across all subjects, and partner ELL students with non ELL students.
- When reading new texts, the partners alternate reading, or chant-read together. Non-ELL students model fix-up strategies (e.g. "I need to think about this.", "Let me rethink what was happening.") and "stop and jot" strategies for their ELL partners.

Refer to ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 on the WIDA-AMS Frequency Reports to gather the necessary data to develop an Action Plan.												
MSID 5052	Entering (1)	Emer	ging (2)	Devel	oping (3)	Expan	ding (4)	В	ridging (5)		Reaching (6	)
Domain	# of Students	% of tested	# of Students	% of tested	# of Students	% of tested	# of Students	% of Tested	# of Students	% of Tested	# of Students	% of Tested
Listening	2	4	37	13	6	11	11	20	12	21	20	36
Speaking	2	4	16	29	8	14	12	21	0	0	10	18
Reading	14	38	8	14	10	18	7	13	7	13	3	5
Writing	15	27	9	16	20	36	10	18	0	0	0	0
Oral Language	4	7	6	11	16	29	12	21	8	14	7	13
Literacy	17	30	6	11	20	36	11	20	1	2	0	0
Comprehension	16	30	7	13	9	16	9	16	10	18	5	9
Overall Score	9	16	8	14	20	36	15	27	0	0	0	0

#### Goal:

#### **ELL Target Goals:**

**Proficiency Target:** 

- As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 20% of ELL students will demonstrate proficiency.
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 20% of ELL students will demonstrate proficiency.

### **Learning Gains Target:**

- As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 50% of ELL students will demonstrate an increase in learning gains by 5% in reading
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 50% of ELL students will demonstrate an increase in learning gains by 5% in Mathematics

### Lowest 25% Target:

- As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 85% of ELL students will demonstrate an increase in learning gains
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, , 85% of ELL students will demonstrate an increase in learning gains

### **WIDA- ACCES 2.0 Target**

As measured by the WIDA – ACCESS 2.0., 50% of ELL students will attain language proficiency

Strategies and Activities to increase Student Achievement (i.e., Extended Learning Opportunities, Tutoring, Academic Interventions, Lesson Study, etc.)	Target Group	Goal Domain (Listening and Speaking, Reading, Oral Language, Literacy, Comprehension, Writing)	Start- End Date	Select Applicable Option (i.e. Before, During, After School Hours)	Evaluation Tool (i.e. Chapter Tests; Portfolios, teacher- developed performance tasks, other formative assessments, etc.)	Title or Position Responsible for Monitoring
As students are exposed to new vocabulary, teachers stress pronunciation and phonetic transliteration. New vocabulary is paired up with visual representations and definitions that use simplified language.	A1-B2	Listening and Speaking, Reading, Oral Language, Literacy, Comprehension, writing	September 2017 – June 2018	During School	Walk-throughs Lesson Plans Student Work	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean M. Karden, ELL Coordinator
ELL students are partnered with non-ELL students across all subjects. When reading new texts, the partners alternate reading, or chant-read together. Non-ELL students model fix-up strategies (e.g. "I	B2-C1	Listening and Speaking, Reading, Oral Language, Literacy,	September 2017 –June 2018	During School	Walk-throughs Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean M. Karden, ELL Coordinator

	1				T	
need to think about this.", "Let me rethink	-1	Comprehension,				
what was happening.") and "stop and jot"	400	Writing		1600 100	12.7	
strategies for their ELL partners.						
Students in grades 3-8 who demonstrate	ELL	Listening and	October	Before School	Chapter Tests	D. Baggs, Principal
significant deficiencies in any content		Speaking,	2017 – June	7:45 – 8:15	Teacher – Made	D. Hugue, Dean
area are targeted for 30 minutes of	6.39	Reading,	2018	~	Tests	M. Karden, ELL Contact
extended learning either before or after		Oral Language,		4		
school for small group and one on one		Literacy,	l lik			
tutoring facilitated by the classroom		Comprehension,	IIIA .		7470	
teacher.		Writing				
Tutorials are facilitated by classroom					Anna II	
teachers and the curriculum used include					Vancous Contraction of the Contr	
score curriculum resources and on - line						
programs such as Kahn Academy and					9	
MobyMax. Attendance results in Bobcat				7		
Bucks which can be redeemed for a						
dressdown day, Lunch Chat, or entry into						M. sa
a community sponsored prize.			100			
While using multi-step, real-world	ELL	Comprehension,	October	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs,
mathematical problems, teachers integrate		Reading	2017 –		Walk-throughs	Principal
math talk in all math classes where they			June 2018		Lesson Plans	D. Hugue, Dean
model paraphrasing the problem's text,		7			Student Work	A.Arbesu, Math Coach
using context clues to acquire vocabulary,						J, Pino, Resource
and asking guiding questions to help						Teacher
students mathematics tasks. Math Coach					III.	
and Resource Teacher provide teacher					A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
support through modeling and lesson						
planning.	1					
Students receive differentiated learning	ELL	Listening and	October	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs,
opportunities as teachers design lesson		Speaking,	2017 –		Walk-	Principal
menus differentiate process and product		Reading, Oral	June 2018		throughs	D. Hugue, Dean
while teaching on-grade level content on a		Language,		52	Lesson Plans	J. Pino, Resource
weekly basis. The ELL Contact and the		Literacy,			Student Work	Teacher
support teachers by providing them with	1/1/2	Comprehension,	W	1	Attendance	
effective strategies for the menus to	9/9/	Writing	1		Sheets	
support student success.	7/1//	A 900		Let Well		
Students utilize Marzano strategies in all	ELL	Listening and	October	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs, Principal
classes as teachers embed these	437	Speaking,	2017 –	D DI DI A	Walk- throughs	D. Hugue, Dean
strategies within instruction. The Reading	- 4	Reading,	June 2018	11 11 00	Lesson Plans	J. Pino, Resource

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<ul> <li>Questions, Cues, Advance Organizers</li> </ul>	ELL		IIIA .	4	5	
An FSA Extended Day prepares all students in grades 3-8 with the necessary skills and strategies they will need to be successful on the Florida Standard Assessments. This comprehensive extended day program will run 16 weeks, taught by classroom teachers using Ready Florida MAFS/LAFS curriculum for one hour after school. Attendees will receive Bobcat Bucks redeemable for a dress down day, Lunch Chats, or entry into a raffle for a community secured prize. Perfect attendance results in a certificate and recognition at an end of the year ceremony.		Listening and Speaking, Reading, Oral Language, Literacy, Comprehension, Writing	November 2017- May 2018	After-School 4:00 – 5:00 PM	Attendance sheets Walk-throughs	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean
Parent Academies include a variety of activities to facilitate the home-school connection in an effort to connect with the parents of ELL students become familiar with the students' forthcoming academic endeavors. This includes, but is not limited to, FSA information nights, reading curriculum nights, and math curriculum nights. Parents who attend will be entered into a raffle for a designated parking spot to be used for one month.  Teachers implement best practices for		Listening and Speaking, Reading, Oral Language, Literacy, Comprehension, Writing  Listening and	9/2017 2/20/17 5/2017	After School 6:00 – 7:00 P.M.	Walk – Throughs Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean  D. Baggs, Principal

effective instruction in all content areas to	Speaking,	Fridays	D. Hugue, Dean J. Pinno, Resource
support all learners, including ELL	Reading, Oral		·
students. These strategies include:	Language,		Teacher
<ul> <li>Think-alouds and Fix-Up</li> </ul>	Literacy,	THE PROPERTY OF	Coaches
Strategies	Comprehension,		
Non – Linguistic Representations	Writing		
<ul> <li>Visible Learning Tools (anchor</li> </ul>		4	
Charts/doc			
cameras/videos/PowerPoint)	/	IIIA.	
<ul> <li>Triple Exposure: Introduce, Teach,</li> </ul>	. //		
Review			
<ul> <li>Organizers and Frames</li> </ul>			
Use of Manipulatives			
<ul> <li>Elicit nonverbal responses for</li> </ul>			
checks for understanding:			
Thumbs Up			
White Boards			
• Fist of Five		A STATE OF THE STA	

## Exceptional Student Education (ESE) Action Plan

Student Strategies and Activities – In addition to the Literacy School Improvement Plan, state the strategies and activities for students with disabilities (SWD) and gifted students to be implemented that logically support this goal. Indicate the level of proficiency for SWD and Gifted. Select the strategies or activities and indicate the time of implementation; before school, during school or after school. Each of the strategies or activities in the ESE plan should be measurable and clearly identify expected outcomes (e.g.: What evidence will be documented to demonstrate student progress in achieving the goal? What instructional practices and accommodations must staff utilize to support the literacy achievement of all students?). Include literacy strategies that address reading, writing, listening, and speaking standards.

West Broward Academy ESE Population by grade level:

			ot		nanen by grade			
K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3	5	2	3	6	11	14	3	2

### **Exceptional Student Education (SWD/Gifted) Literacy Goal:**

- Given instruction in ELA Florida standards ESE students will experience gains of five percent.
- As measured by the 2018 ELA FSA, 20% of students with disabilities (SWD) will demonstrate proficiency.

	or Proficient students with Vriting (i.e., FSA Reading, DA	disabilities (SWD) and gifted s R, FAIR, BAS, etc.):	tudents for	Include data for Non-p Writing (i.e. FSA Reading		disabilities (SWD)	and gifted students	for Reading and
Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Level 5	19% 77% 0% 0% 4%	Level 1   24%     Level 2   82%   Level 3   5%   Level 4   5%   Level 5   9%		2017 Current Level of l Non- Proficient 96	9/6	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Level 5	24% 82% 5% 5% 9%	
Based on aml for the follow Baseline Data	ing years:	nnual Measurable Objectiv	2015-16	2016-17  4% of this subgroup scored proficient on the ELA FSA	2017-18  19% of this subgroup scored proficient on the ELA FSA	2018-19 22% of this subgroup will score proficient on the ELA FSA	2019-20 25% of this subgroup will score proficient on the ELA FSA	2020-21 28% of this subgroup wil score proficient on the ELA FSA
	Listening and Spe	chievement in Reading, Writing, eaking emic Interventions, Lesson Study, etc.)	Start- End Date	Select Applicable Option (i.e. Before, During, After School Hours)	Evaluation Tool (i.e. Chapter Tests, BAS, Portfolios, teacher- developed performance tasks, other formative assessments, etc.)	Title or Respons Monit		Amount/ Funding Source
Students in	all grade-levels com	prising all <mark>subgroups</mark>	September	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs, Prin	ncipal	Not

Walk-throughs

Lesson Plans

D. Hugue, Dean ESE

Specialist

2017- June

2018

within the school's population, utilize Marzano

strategies in all content areas. The Resource Teacher

Needed

assists teachers design weekly lesson plans to ensure Marzano strategies are embedded within instruction. Instructional delivery modeling is provided by the Resource Teacher and the Reading Coach. Specific strategies include used by all students in K-2, 3-5, and 6-8 <sup>th</sup> grades.  • Summarizing and note taking  • Nonlinguistic representations.  • Questions, Cues, Advance Organizers			Student Work		
ESE students are serviced by the ESE Teacher in the General Ed classroom using a push – in model. Intervention programs used are Journeys Tool Kit and Write in Reader.	September 2017- June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk-throughs Lesson Plans Student Work	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean S. Myers, ESE Specialist	Not Needed
To support ESE students, strategies are provided in the classroom by both the ESE Teacher and the General Education teacher. All Individual Education Plans are reviewed in detail with the teacher and the ESE Specialist on a continuing basis to clarify accommodations and progress monitor performance. Progress monitoring data and information is used for IEP/EP development, goal development, and /or annual goal progress reports/ EP goal progress reports for parents. These are completed collaboratively between the parent and the general education teacher facilitated by the ESE Specialist.	September 2017- June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk-throughs Lesson Plans Student Work	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean S. Myers, ESE Specialist	Not Needed
All students, including ESE students are presented with differentiated process and product choices to demonstrate their proficiency while teaching on-grade level content as teacher provides choice boards/learning menu, such as, but not limited to, verbal/linguistic, body/kinesthetic, and musical. Opportunities presented on choice boards/menus tap into all learning preferences.	September 2017-June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk-throughs Lesson Plans Student Work Attendance Sheets	D. Hugue, A.P. D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed
All students, including ELL students, are presented with differentiated process and product choices to demonstrate their proficiency while teaching on-grade level content as teacher provides choice boards/learning menus. Opportunities presented on choice boards/menus tap into all learning preferences and needs specific to the ELL student, such as, but not	September 2017-June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk-throughs Lesson Plans Student Work Attendance Sheets	D. Hugue, A.P. D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed

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limited to, verbal/linguistic, body/kinesthetic, and musical.					
Progress monitoring data and information is used for IEP/EP development, goal development, and /or annual goal progress reports/ EP goal progress reports for parents. These are completed collaboratively between the parent and the general education teacher facilitated by the ESE Specialist.	September 2017-June 2018	During School	Progress Monitoring Documents	D. Baggs, Principal S. Myers, ESE Specialist	Not Needed
ESE students will be provided with best practices to support instruction:  Conspicuous steps and strategies are used to solve problems  Continuous reviews are routine to improve fluency  Directions and questions are re-worded when needed  Immediate, specific, and growth feedback is provided to students	September 2017-June 2018	During School	Progress Monitoring Documents Goals Sheets Parent Forms	D. Baggs, Principal S. Myers, ESE Specialist	Not Needed
All Individual Education Plans have been reviewed with teachers and the ESE Specialist continually assists teachers in understanding student goals and strategies to address student needs. Resource Teacher and ESE Specialist assist teachers plan instruction using appropriate accommodations to ensure student achievement and to implement the IEP with fidelity.	September 2017-June 2018	Before, During and After School	Classroom Walk-throughs Lesson Plans Student Work Meeting and Planning Attendance Sheets	D. Hugue, A.P.  D. Baggs, Principal S. Myers, ESE Specialist	Not Needed
Students with IEPs are supported within a multi-tiered system of support.	September 2017- June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk-throughs Lesson Plans Student Work Meeting and Planning Attendance Sheets	D. Hugue, A.P. D. Baggs, Principal S. Myers, ESE Specialist	Not Needed
Teacher -created formative assessments target gaps in learning for either individual students or groups of students with similar needs and are provided with support from the ESE Specialist.	September 2017- June 2018	Before, During and After School	Assessments Classroom Walk-throughs Lesson Plans Student Work	D. Hugue, A.P. D. Baggs, Principal S. Myers, ESE Specialist	Not Needed

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			Meeting and		
			Planning		
Gifted students are serviced various ways including	September	During School	Walk-throughs	D. Hugue, A.P.	Not
the use of accelerated lessons in reading, math,	2017-June		Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Principal	Needed
writing, and science. Students utilize this on-line	2018	A:	Student Work	S. Myers, ESE Specialist	
program during centers and/or stations to support		AA .	Q# /		
their personalized learning goals. Additionally, Gifted		MA.			
students extend their learning of core curriculum					
through an integrated approach using PBL.org.					

		Include data for Non-proficient students with disabilities (SWD) and gifted students for Math FSA Math, BSA, CMAT, Key Math, TOMA):  See data tables below				
Level         Percent           1         40           2         15           3         11           4         5           5         7	Level   Percent   1   45   2   20   3   16   4   10   5   12	West Broward Aca 53% non-proficien SWD/EP student	ademy currently ha	West Bro increase SWD/EP	ward Academy scores of 50% student popula SE students wi on the 2018 F	will of the ation by 5%
Based on ambitious but achievable following years:	Annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs) and s	studen <mark>t</mark> achievement da	nta, identify math per	formance target	for ESE students	for the
Baseline Data 2014-15	2015-16	2016-17 23% of this subgroup based on FSA proficient in math	2017-18 38% of students in this subgroup based on FSA proficient in math	2018-19 41% of students in this subgroup based on FSA proficient in	2019-20 44% of students in this subgroup based on FSA	2020-21 47% of students in this subgrou based on FS

		1	AA	math	proficient in math	proficient in math
Strategies and Activities to increase ESE Achievement in Math (i.e., Extended Learning Opportunities, Tutoring, Academic Interventions, Lesson Study, etc.)	Start- End Date	Select Applicable Option (i.e. Before, During, After School Hours)	Evaluation Tool (i.e. Chapter Tests, BAS, Portfolios, teacher- developed performance tasks, other formative assessments, etc.)	Title or Respons Monit	sible for	Amount/ Funding Source
Students who have deficiencies and need remediation are identified through core curriculum formative assessments, teacher made assessments, FSA and MobyMax. These students are provided the opportunity to after school a maximum of 2 times per week. During this time, students are given small group and one on one instruction using Ready Florida MAFS materials, CSA resources, core curriculum intervention materials, and Camelot Learning kits, on – line activities from Kahn Academy, and MobyMax.	September 2017-2018	After School	Attendance sheets Lesson Plans	D. Hugue, Dea D. Baggs, Prin		Camelo t Learnin g Kits \$1,900 Title I
Students receive math intervention from Triumphs and enVision 2.0 intervention kit. The ESE Teacher services middle school students with weekly collaboration in areas documented on student's IEP. The intervention used for math is the reteach lessons from Florida Math by Glencoe, and the intervention used for reading is the "Inside" reading program. Intervention programs are used by both the classroom and ESE teacher.	September 2017-2018	After School	Attendance sheets Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Prin D. Hugue, Dea S. Myers, ESE	an	Not Needed
Students practice the use of vocabulary strategies to assist in the understanding of and the effectively utilization of academic vocabulary. Specific strategies such as and Academic Notebook contain evidence of strategies such as Frayer Model, non– linguistic representations, Marzano's Six Step Vocabulary process and other visual organizers to support all students in all subgroups.	September 2017-2018	After School	Attendance sheets Lesson Plans	D. Hugue, Dea D. Baggs, Prin		Not Needed
Progress monitoring data and information is used for IEP/EP development, goal development, and /or annual goal progress reports/ EP goal progress reports for parents. These are completed collaboratively between	September 2017-June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk-throughs Lesson Plans	D. Hugue, A.P D. Baggs, Prin		Not Needed

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the parent and the general education teacher facilitated by the ESE Specialist		F9 V	10		
Students experience math lessons designed based on data analysis gleaned from MobyMax, teacher-made assessment, core curriculum assessments and CSA assessment data. Bi Monthly data chats with math teachers and the leadership team are conducted to analyze and determine appropriate instructional strategies, re- teaching materials, tiered support through rigorous center activities, varying student needs, as well as teacher professional growth needs.	September 2017-2018	During school  – teacher planning time	Attendance sheets Lesson Plans Data Binders MobyMax	D. Hugue, Dean D. Baggs, Principal Grade Chairs J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Not Needed
Students engage in math talk/math moves/accountable talk. Teachers are provided support by the Resource Teacher in lesson planning and with instructional delivery through classroom modeling. While using multi-step, real-world mathematical problems, teachers integrate math talk in all math classes where they model paraphrasing the problem's text, using context clues to acquire vocabulary, and asking guiding questions to help students mathematics tasks. ESE Specialist and ELL contact person provide assistance to teachers in specific strategies to support student success.	September 2017-June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Lesson Plans Student Work	D. Hugue, Dean D. Baggs, Principal J. Pino, Resource Teacher A. Arbesu, Math Coach	Not Needed
Students utilize Marzano strategies within instruction in all content areas. Resource Teacher will assist teachers weekly with lesson planning to ensure Marzano strategies are embedded in content area instruction. Instructional delivery modeling will be provided as necessary. Specific strategies include:  • Summarizing and note taking  • Nonlinguistic representations  • Questions, Cues, Advance Organizers	September 2017- June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk-throughs Lesson Plans Student Work	D. Hugue, A.P. D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed
Students in all subgroups experience the CSA method of instructional Delivery( Concrete – Semi Concrete, Abstract) .The Math Coach provides training to all teachers on the methods of concrete, semi concrete and	September 2017- June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk-throughs Lesson Plans Student Work	D. Hugue, A.P. D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed

abstract process of mathematics instruction. The Math Coach models this instructional delivery method for teachers and the Resource Teacher meets weekly with math teachers to ensure that the CSA methods are appropriately embedded in math instruction.	Mil	791	191	<b>&gt;</b>	
Students will experience interventions according to their	September	During School	Student Work	D. Hugue, A.P.	Not
IEP.	2017 – June		Through	D. Baggs, Principal	Needed
	2018			S. Myers, ESE Specialist	

#### **Literacy Action Plan**

Student Strategies and Activities – State the strategies and activities for students to be implemented that logically support this goal. Select all applicable goals and indicate whether the strategies or activities are before school, during school or after school. Each of the strategies or activities in the plan should be measurable and clearly identify expected outcomes (e.g.: What evidence will be documented to demonstrate student progress in achieving the goal? What instructional practices must staff utilize to support the literacy achievement of all students?). Include strategies that address reading, writing, listening, and speaking standards. Address the needs of all subgroups.

#### **Literacy Goal:**

School wide ELA proficiency will meet or exceed the district average of 55% or higher

The establishment of a Literacy Team at West Broward Academy has been a first step in addressing literacy throughout all areas of the school. Comprised of teachers representing all content areas and grade – levels, this team meets monthly and develops literacy activities for school and home involving all students, parents, and community members. Designing activities that appeal to early readers to middle school level readers, the team has begun to establish events to emphasize the importance of literacy in all content areas and in all grade – levels. Activities include monthly literacy, family nights and family literacy nights, family book reviews, and classroom mystery readers.

West Broward Academy has adopted the District Comprehensive Research-Based Reading Plan (CRRP) – Elementary students utilize Houghton Mifflin Harcourt – Journeys; Middle school students utilize Collections for ELA and National Geographic, Inside, for intensive reading for lower level students scheduled into Intensive reading classes. The current Comprehensive Research-based Reading Plan (CRRP) and school created Pacing Guides and Focus Calendars align with the Florida Standards to guide instruction in Language Arts and Reading classes in grades Kindergarten through eight. The integration of these documents provides teachers with guidance to ensure that all students receive instruction that enable them to become literate, life-long, self-directed learners. West Broward Academy implements these specifications to ensure that the reading program described herein has all the core elements in place for an effective reading program that propel students to meet the Florida Standards. WBA incorporates the balanced literacy approach and identifies students who have differentiated needs, developmental delays and/or diagnosable learning disabilities.

WBA implements a balanced literacy program beginning with phonics, moving on to guided reading, and uses content-based and fiction texts for independent reading using the Journeys curriculum, West Broward Academy understands that writing is a key component that ties together all subjects. Writing is a vital component in all subject areas; however, the primary writing instruction comes from a combination of core and supplemental

curriculum materials. WBA K-2 students partner as pen pals with other K-2 students within the CSA network of schools as a means to cultivate a love of reading and writing. Students draw and write opinion, informative and narrative pieces and respond to one another quarterly with the difficulty progressing as the grade – level progresses. All students in K-2 are administered the Fountas and Pinnell benchmark assessment quarterly these students are assessed during the first quarter of the school year and each subsequent nine weeks thereafter. All students are accessed during the first quarter of the school year and each subsequent nine weeks thereafter. The data is used to differentiate instruction, drive center rotations, and allow teacher to hone skills where students are lacking proficiency. This data is shared with students during the data chat that follows the quarterly assessment and with parents during conference.

Writing instruction in grades K – 5 is based on Journeys and includes the resource myWriteSmart—which (as stated by the Journeys website, "offers an intuitive online writing environment linked to reading that guides students through the process of collecting compelling text evidence to write skilled analyses of two or more texts according to specific prompts, just like they'll encounter on Florida Standards assessments" In doing so,the Journeys online writing component connects all learning tasks with process writing in a multitude of subject areas in addition to using sources in writing, analytic writing, and multiple different performance tasks. This program also allows teachers to monitor student writing from outline to completion, and it gives teachers the opportunity to evaluate this work using eRater. Writing instruction is modeled explicitly by the teacher so that the recursive process of writing is demonstrated for the student using exemplars from the curriculum text. This supplement to the Journeys writing curriculum is writing workshop which is supported by MobyMax. According to MobyMax, "writing Workshop makes writing fun and easy. Bite-sized lessons break down writing assignments into simple steps, allowing students to focus on and improve every aspect of their writing. Direct instruction, modeling, and hands-on practice ensure that your students will build strong writing skills at their own pace." One specific deficiency found in the ELA classroom that affects all content areas, for all grades 3-8, is integration of knowledge and ideas. Two of the major components of this facet of the ELA is making predications and evaluation of specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence. All classes make use of various graphic organizers and effective reading strategies applicable to all content areas.

Additionally, the school implements two strategies school – wide: RACE and RAN. RACE supports citing and using evidence to answer questions: Restate, Answer, Cite, and Explain. Teachers emphasize that explanation occurs with the use of elaboration techniques further described on page 20. Constructed response is an integral part of the six shifts instruction as discussed and published in multiple sources including Georgia Southern University (2015) RACE is a strategy used to aid student in written responses across content areas. After a professional development by the Resource Teacher, teachers create RACE anchor charts for the classrooms. Students use RACE graphic organizers in conjunction with their subject specific graphic organizers throughout the learning process and in all grade levels. This strategy will focus on original student thought within the elaboration through the use of details, "show not tell", examples and other strategies on page 19 of this document. All teachers are trained on the use of the FSA writing rubrics, the use of paired-texts for evidentiary writing, and the use of graphic and visual organizers to summarize text and to record their thinking. Additionally, The RAN is implemented in all rooms. Using the RAN graphic organizer:

- •Students brainstorm what they think they know about the topic. (similar to KWL) Ideas are written on post-it notes and placed in the first column of a table.
- •Students read an instructional text. (In early elementary grades, the text can be read aloud).
- •When students find a fact that is confirmed in the text, they transfer the post-it note to the second column, Confirmed Information.
- •After reading the text, students review the chart and note any Misconceptions they had about the content. They can move post-its from the first column to the third column or write the misconception on a new post-it and add it to the third column.
- •Students re-read the text to discover any new information that can be added to the fourth column, New Learning.
- •Students consider any unanswered questions they have regarding the topic and add them to the final column, Wonderings

The Reading Coach conducts a professional development opportunity to ensure teachers understand how to use this technique and both the Resource Teacher and the coach meets with teachers to assist them in planning and to deliver strategy implementation.

The tools provided by myWriteSmart are incorporated into the classroom environment with the use of drafting, sourcing, and peer editing. These tools in the classroom are also contained within West Broward Academy's supplemental academic program, MobyMax. Using writing workshop, teachers have the opportunity to assign projects that involve all three writing types: narrative, persuasive (argumentative), and explanatory (informational). In addition, there are two separate modules provided for teachers. The writing assignment module offers opportunity for submission and revision of longer writing pieces. The short answer module of the writing workshop integrates writing across all subject areas.

To support students not yet reading at the K – 2 and 3 -5, teachers implement the early reading trio module with MobyMax. Students start by building words with letters and sounds. Then, they read stories with the words they built, and lastly, students write stories with these words and add visual graphics. During this time, students see, hear, and interact with letters and words allowing them to strengthen reading and phonics skills. This includes touch curriculum technology which accommodates other learning styles and students interact with problem types that engage them in the learning process. Words and letters can be highlighted for easy following as students learn to blend and decode.

6th - 8th ELA teachers utilize Collections by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt which integrates reading and writing so that the two are taught in tandem rather than as isolated subject matter. Teachers plan together with the Resource Teacher using the Collections curriculum. While the reading teacher focuses primarily on close reading and analysis of the text through reading strategies, the Language Arts teacher uses the longer writing tasks in Collections along with mywritesmart and MobyMax writing workshop to develop and hone students' writing skills. The curriculum places instructional focus on analysis, drawing inferences, and conclusions, and produced evidence-based writing; all critical needs of the students at WBA. Complex anchor texts and performance challenges prod students to analyze and synthesize fiction, literary non-fiction, informational texts and other media. Reading and writing are integrated, connecting reading an analysis of complex texts supplied in various Collections of literature, with the writing instruction. Writing instruction provides mentor texts to inform writing, mini-lesson to learn craft, and ongoing tasks to practice evidence-based writing from multiple sources. Writing instruction in Collections uses interactive, self-paced lessons, a digital workspace for collaborating and managing writing process and digital tools to strengthen writing skills including craft, conventions and style. Performance – based writing to sources, analyze a model, practice a task and student then perform the task. Rubrics are included to assist student in guiding their writing task and to assist teacher by providing instant feedback to student for revision and correction. The extent and reteach section at the end of the collection provides suggestions to employ extra writing help for struggling students including that meet the needs of all subgroups of students. The myNotebook component allows student to collect, organize, and tag text evidence while reading. With the myWritesmart component, student integrate text evidence into writing assignments and collaborate with teacher and peers. Teachers have previously been trained in the use of this tool but will receive a refresher course to maintain program fidelity. The interactive lessons in Writing and Speaking and Listening provide technology delivered instruction. After analyzing source materials in Part 1, and practicing short related tasks in Part 2, student in Part 3 perform the synthesis task of new source materials and creating an original response to the text. All students, including our most fragile ELL and our ESE subgroup receive accommodations and modifications as documented on their individual plans as well as those that are best practices for subgroup achievement. Students will be offered choices in product and process through learning menus and teachers will address multiple learning styles to address various needs that can close the achievement gaps with these students.

#### Elementary Multi - Tiered Reading Plan

2017-2018 School Improvement Plan (SIP) - CHARTER SCHOOL VERSION

Group	Tier	Time Frame	Actions	Curriculum Resources/Coach Support	Tracking Method	Fidelity Check
RTI Team		Pre-Planning	RTI Team:  Complete Tier 1 Problem Solving Worksheet, and Tier 2 Problem Solving Worksheet	Leadership Team	RTI Forms	Administration will keep both forms in the school RTI binder
Reading Class	Tier 1	All Year	Teacher: 1. Journeys  Reading Coach: 1. Support teacher in completing the Data Analysis Protocol & Teacher Reflection. 2. Assist teacher in identifying target group(s) based on Standard/Skill data	1.Remediation based on Diagnostic Assessment -Practice -Skills Practice -Strategic Intervention -Reteach  On level tests MobyMax Baseline, Florida Test Power, Mid- year, FSA Test	1. Teachers use the data to create groups with the help of the Resource Teacher.  All data is Analyzed with support using form CSA Data Analysis Protocol for Elementary ELA Teachers	Administration: 1. review lesson plans, 2. completes walkthroughs/observ ations during small groups  Resource Teacher: 1.Review Data Analysis Protocol/Teacher Reflection and student groupings Ensure that all intervention materials are research- based.
Teacher-led	Tier 2	9 weeks (notify Administration at 4 weeks, if unsuccessful, but continue Tier 2 interventions)	Teacher/Administration: Identify Tier 2 students & Administration sends CSA Parent Notification Letter  1.* Foundational Kit Journeys Toolbox- students that are weak in phonics & phonemic awareness	*Fluency *Comprehension *Writing & Grammar *Vocabulary *Phonics/ Word Study	Tier 2 OPM Forms MobyMax Data	Administration: 1. check progress monitoring charts (OPM) 2. check forms Resource Teacher: 1. Ensure that all intervention materials are research-based
Interventionist	Tier 3	4-6 weeks	SST Chairperson: Provides a copy of the SST plan, and SST monitoring form to teacher/interventionist	1. Tier 2 Resources, increased time and smaller setting	1.SST Monitoring Form easyCBM	Administration: 1. Check SST monitoring forms 2. Walkthroughs/observ

			Teacher/interventionist: Provides Individual Intervention, increased frequency	2. Other research- based, prescriptive resources provided by Reading Coach such as FCRR (no teacher made resources)	data	ations of interventions  Resource Teacher Support
			SECONDARY MULTI-	TIERED READING PLAN		
RTI Team		Pre-Planning	RTI Team:  Complete Tier 1 Problem Solving Worksheet, and Tier 2 Problem Solving Worksheet	N/A	N/A	Administration will keep both forms in the school RTI binder
Reading Class	Tier 1	All Year	The Collections curriculum allows reading and writing to be taught in tandem in the ELA classroom. In students who are not in an intensive reading course this is the core text for both the reading and Language Arts classroom.	1.Remediation based on Diagnostic Assessment -Practice -Skills Practice -Strategic Intervention -Reteach  2.On level tests ,Moby Max ,Baseline Mid-year, FSA	1.Teachers use the data to create groups with the help of the Resource Teacher  2.All data is Analyzed with support using form CSA Data Analysis Protocol for ELA Teachers	Administration: 1.review lesson plans,  2.completes walkthroughs/ observations during small groups  Reading Coach: 1.Review Data Analysis Protocol/Teacher Reflection and student groupings  2.Ensure that all intervention materials are research-based
Teacher-led	Tier 2	9 weeks (notify Administration at 4 weeks, if	Teacher/Administration: Identify Tier 2 students & Administration sends CSA Parent Notification Letter	1.Fluency: FAIR-FS Oral Reading Fluency Passages	1.Tier 2 OPM Forms MobyMax Data	Administration: 1.check progress monitoring charts (OPM) check forms Resource

		unsuccessful, but continue Tier 2 Interventions)	1. Intensive Reading Classes:  National Geographic  Inside MobyMax  Teacher Led Small Group-Tier 2 Intervention  **All general ed Tier 2 students are progress monitored.  *If student response to intervention is unsuccessful, the teacher completes forms (Request for Assistance), (Tier I & Tier 2 Data Profile) and submits to the administration.	2.Phonics/Word Study/Vocabulary: FCRR Resources  3.Comprehension Skills for Informational & Literary Texts: Florida Ready, MobyMax  4.Comprehension Skills for Informational & Literary Texts: Florida Ready, MobyMax		Teacher: Ensure that all intervention materials are research-based/
Interventionist	Tier3	4-6 weeks	SST Chairperson: Provides a copy of the SST plan, and SST monitoring form, to teacher/interventionist Teacher/interventionist: Provides Individual Intervention, increased frequency	1.Tier 2 Resources, increased time and smaller setting  2.Other research- based, prescriptive resources provided by Resource Teacher such as FCRR (no teacher made resources)	1.SST Monitoring Form easyCBM data	Administration: 1.Check SST monitoring forms 2.Walk – Through observations of interventions  Resource Teacher Support

- Social Studies is provided in grades K-5 daily for one hour. Social Studies Weekly, passages from Journeys curriculum as well as
  readers found in the MyMath curriculum allow for integration of Social Studies into the ELA and Math portion of the classroom. The
  middle school students follow the state curricular progression and experience a 90 minute bloc. iCivics and National Geographic
  Learning are used for Civics instruction, and history classes use Houghton Mifflin Harcourt History text.
- K- 5 social studies classes are one hour long and social studies is integrated throughout the curriculum through Social Studies Weekly.
- Grades 3 -5 flip; therefore, Social Studies is taught with ELA or in the same class as social studies. Grades 6-8 receive two 90 minute blocks a week plus one 50 minute class a week in social studies. Middle school students receive one hour time slots for Social Studies 5<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> grade students participate in Jr. Achievement.
- To increase student achievement in the area of Civics, WBA has administered baseline assessment and a mid-year assessment developed by CSA to determine achievement gaps, adjust pacing guide, and set learning goals. To address student needs, WBA has implemented the following:
- Students in all subgroups have set a Civics EOC learning goal with action steps. These goals are discussed with parents and are reviewed twice a quarter between student and teacher and parent. At that time, teacher and student, with parent acknowledgement, adjusts goals/action steps.
- Students use the Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Florida Civics in Practice as a core textbook and teachers access additional supplemental
  curriculum for Florida Joint Center for Citizenship, iCivics, Florida Students.org, and Civics360.org. Students utilize an interactive word wall
  and Marzano's Academic Notebook strategy to record and document their learning of key Civics vocabulary taken from the Florida Joint
  Center for Citizenship.
- Weekly, during the planning period, the Civics teacher designs lessons with the Resource Teacher to align instruction with Civics standards, to unwrap the standard, and to align instruction with the item specs of the EOC Civics assessment, and to ensure accommodations for all subgroups are planned and prepared for delivery.
- Weekly, students are assessed on the standards taught and remediation is provided during station work using on-line resources mentioned above, specific to the area of deficit.
- Twice a month, the Civics teacher conducts a data chat with each student to review progress and communicates progress with parents via a personal phone call, PowerSchools messaging system, or progress report. Also, the teacher meets with the leadership team to provide assessment results indicting student proficiency on EOC tested standards.
- ELL Contact teacher and the ESE Specialist assists the Civics teacher by capturing key ideas and details of the content modeling and providing note taking strategies including semantic maps and concept maps to assist students organize and visualize key concepts in Civics. The teacher is supported by the ESE Specialist, ELL contact and Resource Teacher in actively and explicitly helping students to draw connections through informal cooperative learning structures such as Think, Pair, Share, Write and Turn and Talk.
- Students maintain an interactive notebook to organize Civics notes and documents and to record their synthesis of the history and how it relates to their world.
- Daily announcements pose a "Did You Know" Civics based question as a spiral review for the preparation of the EOC Civics assessment.
- Students are provided with a 1.5 hour quarterly review tutorial before or after school. All students are invited and the tutorial is facilitated by a classroom teacher. This is in addition to the regularly scheduled thirty-minute tutorial held on Tuesdays and Thursdays by the Civics teacher. Attendees will receive Bobcat Bucks to be redeemed for dress down day, lunch chats, or eligibility for a raffle for a community secured prize. Attendees for every session will receive a certificate of Participation and will be recognized at the end of the year ceremony.

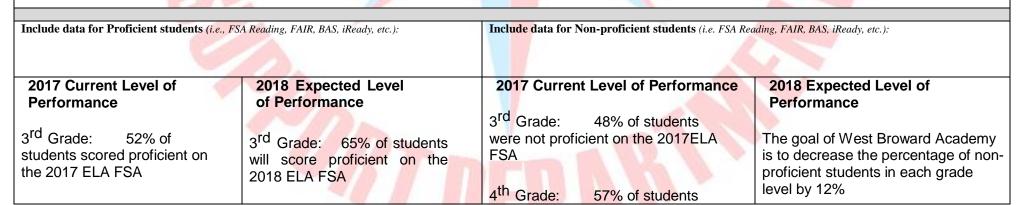
- Veteran CSA Civics teachers have paired with the WBA Civics teacher to collaborate on best instructional practices to prepare students for the EOC. These teachers collaborate virtually, by phone, and through email communication on a bi- monthly basis and is facilitated by a coach or Resource Teacher.
- WBA Social Studies course offerings follow the state continuum.

#### **Summary of Seventh Grade Civics Data:**

With a 59% proficiency on the Civics NGSSS end of year assessment, West Broward has set the goals below to increase achievement.

- To increase student achievement in the area of Civics, WBA has administered baseline assessment and a mid-year assessment developed by CSA to determine achievement gaps, adjust pacing guide, and set learning goals. To address student needs, WBA has implemented the following:
- All students have set a Civics EOC learning goal with action steps. These goals were discussed with parents and are reviewed twice a quarter between student and teacher and parent. At that time, teacher and student, with parent acknowledgement, adjusts goals/action steps.
- Students use the Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Florida Civics in Practice as a core textbook and teachers access additional supplemental curriculum for Florida Joint Center for Citizenship, iCivics, Florida Students.org, and Civics360.org. Students utilize an interactive word wall and Marzano's Academic Notebook strategy to record and document their learning of key Civics vocabulary taken from the Florida Joint Center for Citizenship.
- Weekly, during the planning period, the Civics teacher designs lessons with the Resource Teacher to align instruction with Civics standards, to unwrap the standard, and to align instruction with the for all subgroups are planned and prepared for delivery.
- Weekly, students are assessed on the standards taught and remediation is provided during station work using on-line resources mentioned above, specific to the area of deficit.
- Twice a month, the Civics teacher conducts a data chat with each student to review progress and communicates progress with parents via a personal phone call, PowerSchools messaging system, or progress report. Also, the teacher meets with the leadership team to provide assessment results indicting student proficiency on EOC tested standards.
- ELL Contact teacher and the ESE Specialist assists the Civics teacher by capturing key ideas and details of the content modeling and providing note taking strategies including semantic maps and concept maps to assist students organize and visualize key concepts in Civics. The teacher is supported by the ESE Specialist, ELL contact and Resource Teacher in actively and explicitly helping students to draw connections through informal cooperative learning structures such as Think, Pair, Share, Write and Turn and Talk.
- Students maintain an interactive notebook to organize Civics notes and documents and to record their synthesis of the history and how it relates to their world.
- Daily announcements pose a "Did You Know" Civics based question as a spiral review for the preparation of the EOC Civics assessment.
- Students are provided with a 1.5 hour quarterly review tutorial before or after school. All students are invited and the tutorial is facilitated by a classroom teacher. This is in addition to the regularly scheduled thirty-minute tutorial held on Tuesdays and Thursdays by the Civics teacher. Attendees will receive Bobcat Bucks to be redeemed for dress down day, lunch chats, or eligibility for a raffle for a community secured prize. Attendees for every session will receive a certificate of Participation and will be recognized at the end of the year ceremony.
- Veteran CSA Civics teachers have paired with the WBA Civics teacher to collaborate on best instructional practices to prepare students for the EOC. These teachers collaborate virtually, by phone, and through email communication on a bi- monthly basis and is facilitated by a coach or Resource Teacher.

DOMAIN	PROFICIENT	NON-PROFICIENT
Origins and Purposes of Law and Government	14%	86%
Roles, Rights and Responsibilities of Citizens	12%	88%
Government Policies and Political Processes	6%	94%
Organization an Function of Government	9%	91%



4 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 43% of students scored proficient on the 2017 ELA FSA	4 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 65% of students will score proficient on the 2018 ELA FSA	were not proficient on the 2017 ELA FSA  5th Grade: 71% of students
5 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 29% of students scored proficient on the 2017 ELA FSA	5 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 56% of students will score proficient on the 2018 ELA FSA	were not proficient on the 2017 ELA FSA  6th Grade: 62% of students
6 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 38% of students scored proficient on the 2017 ELA FSA 7 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 21% of students scored proficient on the 2017 ELA FSA	6 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 47% of students will score proficient on the 2018 ELA FSA  7 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 56% of students will score proficient on the 2018 ELA FSA	were not proficient on the 2017 ELA FSA  7th Grade: 79% of students were not proficient on the 2017 ELA FSA
	8 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 39% of students will score proficient on the 2018 ELA FSA	

Based on ambitious but achievable Annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs) and student achievement data, identify reading and writing performance targets for the following years:

Baseline Data 2014-15	2015-16	2016-17 37% of	2017-18 41% of	2018-19 44% of	2019-20 47% of	2020-21 50% of
		students scored proficient on the ELA FSA	students scored proficient on the ELA FSA	students scored proficient on the ELA FSA	students scored proficient on the ELA FSA	students scored proficient on the ELA FSA
Strategies and Activities to increase Student Achievement in Reading, Writing, Listening and Speaking  (i.e., Extended Learning Opportunities, Tutoring, Academic Interventions, Lesson Study, etc.)	Start- End Date	Select Applicable Option (i.e. Before, During, After School Hours)	Evaluation Tool (i.e. Chapter Tests, BAS, Portfolios, teacher- developed performance tasks, other formative assessments, etc.)	Title or Position Responsible for Monitoring		Amount/ Funding Source
All students receive daily ELA instruction with 6-8 <sup>th</sup> grades scheduled on a 90-minute block. Instructional delivery structures are guided reading, direct	September 2017-June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk-throughs Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Prin D. Hugue, Dea J. Pino, Resou	ın	Not Needed

		100 CT A			
instruction, independent exploration, and shared			Student Work	Z. Tecero, Reading Coach	
reading using state approved and district					
recommended curriculum.			JIM And A		
Individual Education Plans for ESE students reviewed	September	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
between the ESE Specialist and the child's teacher (s)	2017-June	A.	Walk-throughs	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
during pre-planning or as the IEP in written. ESE	2018	<b>A</b>	Lesson Plans	S. Myers, ESE Specialist	
Specialist explain the area of need, review strategies to		MA.	Student Work		
accommodate the need, and support the teacher(s) as					
needed to ensure implementation wit fidelity.		IIIA .		0.072	
Utilize BAS system to evaluate K – 2 ELA gains and	September	During School	Student Data	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
proficiency / BAS assessments as per the district's	2017-June			D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
assessment calendar.	2018		1	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	
Students are presented with writing prompts that	September	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
require text dependent answers based on informational,	2017-June	3 1 1 1	Walk-throughs	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
complex – text. All students engage in cross-curricular,	2018		Lesson Plans	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	
quick write bell ringers in all grade-levels and in all	1000		Student Work	Z. Tecero, Reading Coach	
courses, including electives and specials. Writing used	1 1				
as a formative assessment is scored based on the FSA		17		M M m	
components and scoring rubrics.					
Students receive instruction using the Journeys	September	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
curriculum with fidelity as teachers have received	2017-June	J	Walk-throughs	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
training on this curriculum and its components. Students	2018		Lesson Plans	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	
are saturated with rigorous texts and analyze	7		Student Work	Z. Tecero, Reading Coach	
using Close Reader resources featuring paired texts.				, 3	
Journeys lessons and assessments are designed with	A STATE OF THE STA				
support from the Resource Teacher during planning				III.	
periods for all grade – levels on a weekly basis. ESE					
Specialist and ELL contact teacher are available for				4	
guidance as well.					
All students, from within all subgroups in the school	October 2017-	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
population, are invited to attend an hour Writing Café	June 2018		Walk-throughs	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
twice a month. Following a guided writing	A.	107	Lesson Plans	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	
demonstration, students are presented with paired texts	N N	-	Student Work	Z. Tecero, Reading Coach	
from www.readwritethink.org ,					
https://www.readworks.org and respond to a prompt		T T	APT		
requiring evidence- based answers scored using an		1	-		
FSA rubric. Following the scoring, students engage in a	-				
writing conference with the classroom teacher to review	AT AFTER III		199 19		
and set goals for improvement. The ELL Contact			1 1 1 1 20		
teacher and the ESE Specialist provide support to			1 11 10		

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		10.00		_	1
classroom teachers in the strategies needed for this					
tutorial so that these subgroups experience success.					
Writing instruction is delivered with fidelity from the	September	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
state approved ELA Collections curriculum.	2017-June	1	Walk-throughs	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
Collections uses interactive, self-paced lessons, a	2018	A	Lesson Plans	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	
digital workspace for collaborating and managing		48	Student Work	Z. Tecero, Reading Coach	
writing process and digital tools to strengthen writing					
skills including craft, conventions and style.					
Performance tasks and performance-based writing to	1	IIIA .		9.00	
sources analyze a model, practice a task and students	- /				
then perform the task. Writing curriculum used for K -					
5 students is within Journeys curriculum:				The state of the s	
myWritesmart Additionally, teachers utilize the Writing					
Workshop component of MobyMax. Teachers model					
exemplary opinion, narrative, and					
explanatory/informative writing practices across					
content areas and explicitly demonstrate all phases of					
the writing process. Students practice grammar and		177		B 01 10	
spelling within the context of writing and reading.		No.			
Teachers implement best practices for effective	September	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
instruction in all content areas to support all learners,	2017-June		Walk-throughs	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
including our most fragile. These strategies include:	2018		Lesson Plans	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	
<ul> <li>Think-alouds and Fix-Up Strategies</li> </ul>	1		Student Work	Z. Tecero, Reading Coach	
Non – Linguistic Representations	/				
<ul> <li>Visible Learning Tools (anchor Charts)</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Use of Manipulatives Elicit nonverbal responses</li> </ul>				III.	
for checks for understanding:					
Thumbs Up					
White Boards					
Fist of Five					
All students, from within all subgroups comprising the	October	During School	Administrative	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
school population, are provided appropriate, intensive	2017– June	Hours	walkthrough	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
interventions in the six components of reading (Oral	2018		data using	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	
Language, Phonics, Phonemic Awareness, Fluency,			CSA Reading	Z. Tecero, Reading Coach	
Vocabulary, and Comprehension) during their ELA		M.	Walk –		
class. Teachers utilize assessment data to develop fluid		T.	through		
groups during bi-monthly data chats. Students reading a	The same		form,BSA,		
year or more below grade level participate in daily small	AT ATTAIL		FAIR,		
groups using core resources, CSA resources, and			benchmark		

resources accessed through FCRR.		X /	assessments,		
			Oral Reading Fluency/Com		
			prehension	7	
	-	A	assessments,		
			MobyMax,		
		MA .	REWARDS,		
			FSA Scores		
Based on FSA scores, current classroom data including	September	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
progress monitoring data, students in grades K-8	2017-June		Walk-throughs	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
comprise fluid groups for specific teacher- led	2018		Lesson Plans	Grade Chairs	
intervention time using curricula such as Journey's			Student Work	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	
toolbox, Inside Resources, National Geographic Inside,		N V			
and Reading REWARDS. During grade-level meetings,					
teachers adjust student groupings and determine					
appropriate instructional tasks to close the achievement					
gap.					
Students from within all subgroups comprising the	September	During School	Teacher Data	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
school population are challenged with instructional	2017-June	1 6	Binders	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
tasks at all grade – levels as ELA and Reading teachers	2018		Student		
analyze student goals and performance, develop data –	200		Data		
based instruction and adjust pacing guides as needed			Attendance		
based on a bi-monthly data chats with the leadership	1		Sheets		
team.	/		Data Chat		
All IC Oct I de la constitución	2 1	D : 0 ! !	Forms	5.5	N
All K – 8 teachers plan targeted intervention instruction	September	During School	Classroom	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
with the Resource Teacher on a weekly basis. Planning	2017-June		Walk-throughs	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
for a 30 minute, small-group structure, teacher-led small	2018		Lesson Plans		
group structure, as well as planning center activities			Student Work		
focusing on level 3 and 4 on the DOK wheel and					
moderate and high complexity tasks.  Students receive scaffolding of complex text as	October 2017-	During School	Lesson Plans	D. Hugue, Dean	Not
teachers use effective reading strategies, such as	June 2018	During School	Attendance	D. Baggs, Principal	Needed
reciprocal reading, SQ3R, text annotation, text	Julie 2010		Sheets	Z. Tecero, Reading Coach	Needed
summaries and graphic organizers, such as:		1	Officets	J. Pino, ResourceTeacher	
Concept Maps		7		o. i iio, resource reacher	
Main Ideas/Details Chart	Daniel	1			
Semantic Feature Analysis	A DEP -		Mr. M		
RAN Chart			1 11 11 11		
Hierarchy Frames			1 10 10		
_ I liciatory Francis		1111			

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		H13, 624 A		1	
Differentiate the difficulty level based on					
student need			011/19		
Gradually reduce prompts or cues after providing					
temporary support.	A .	5 .	NATIONAL ASSOCIATION AND ADMINISTRATION AND ADMINIS	2.5	<b>N</b> 1 /
Teachers K – 2 and 3 – 5 implement Writer's	August	During	Monthly,	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
Workshop model to engage all students in daily	2017- June	School Hours	formative,	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
writing instruction using a recursive writing process of	2018		FSA -	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	
planning, drafting, revising, editing, and publishing.		III).	aligned		
The Writer's Workshop model includes a focus writing	//		writing	The second	
skill; an interactive teacher model; independent	3.4		assessments.		
writing; writing conferencing; and a share out session.			Administrative		
			walkthrough		
The Art reverse and DE total	Ostales	Desire	data.	D. D	NI 4
The Art, music and PE teaches incorporate content	October	During	Formative,	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
specific texts pertaining to the current unit of study.	2017 – June	School Hours	FSA -aligned	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
Teachers also engage students in written tasks requiring	2018	1 / / /	writing	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	
them to provide a summary of a project, skill, or steps in		177	assessments. Walk -		
a process. Students read and summarize in writing using		1/			
paragraph frames, graphic organizers and summarization strategies. Teachers use FSA scoring rubrics to provide			throughs Lesson Plans		
feedback to students.			Student Work		
All students, including all subgroups of the population,	October	During	Monthly,	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
engage in a rigorous Problem of the Week in math	2017 –	School	formative,	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
that incorporates text and explanatory/opinion writing.	June	Hours	FSA -aligned	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Needed
The problem of the day is used in all classrooms as a	2018	Tiours	writing	A. Arebsu, Math Coach	
bell-ringer to the math lesson. Students read the	2010		assessments.	A. Alebsu, Matri Coacri	
problem, solve it, and write to explain how they solved			Administrative	All many	
the problem using academic vocabulary and			walkthrough	4	
accountable talk strategies.			data.		
Individual Education Plans for ESE students are	October	During	Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
reviewed between the ESE Specialist and the child's	2017 – June	School Hours	Walk-throughs	D. Hugue, Dean	Needed
teacher (s) during pre-planning or as the IEP in	2018		Train throughts	S. Myers, ESE Specialist	1,100000
written. ESE Specialist explains the area of need,	20.0	17		S. Mysrs, ESE openialist	
review strategies to accommodate the need, and	M				
support the teacher(s) as needed to ensure		8			
implementation wit fidelity.		1	- 10	The second second	
Middle school students scoring a level 1 or 2 on the	October	During	Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Principal	Not
2017 FSA are in a 90-minute class using	2017 – June	School Hours	Walk-throughs	D . Hugue, Dean	Needed
curriculum specific for intensive instruction using	2018		3.10	S. Myers, ESE Specialist	
National Geographic, Inside. Teachers have			1 10 00		

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received training on this curriculum and its on-line		
components to increase student proficiency in		
grades 6, 7, and 8 on	VIII And A	
the 2018 FSA.		

K-12 Comprehensive Research-Based Reading Plan (check one): Opt-In x Opt-Out

#### Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) or Math and Science Action Plan\*

**Student Strategies and Activities** – State the strategies and activities for students to be implemented that logically support this goal. Select all applicable goals and indicate whether the strategies or activities are before school, during school or after school. Each of the strategies or activities in the plan should be measurable and clearly identify expected outcomes (e.g.: What evidence will be documented to demonstrate student progress in achieving the goal? What instructional practices must staff utilize to support the literacy achievement of all students?). Include literacy strategies that address reading, writing, listening, and speaking standards. Address the needs of all subgroups.

#### STEM/Math/Science Goal(s):

•STEM will be integrated within all content areas in all grade levels for all students, including all subgroups of students, and will complete a quarterly STEM project using PBL.org (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), or Engineering is Everywhere (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), or Engineering is Everywhere (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), or Engineering is Everywhere (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), or Engineering is Everywhere (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), or Engineering is Everywhere (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), or Engineering is Everywhere (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), or Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), or Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), or Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), or Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), or Engineering is Elementary (K - 2), Engine

Include data to identify and define areas in need of improvement: (i.e., FSA, End of Course Examination):

Strategies and Activities to increase Student Achievement (i.e., Extended Learning Opportunities, Tutoring, Academic Interventions, Lesson Study, etc.)	Start- End Date	Select Applicable Option (i.e. Before, During, After School Hours)	Evaluation Tool (i.e. Chapter Tests, BAS, Portfolios, teacher- developed performance tasks, other formative assessments, etc.)	Title or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Amount/ Funding Source
Monthly, students, including students in all subgroups of the population, experience STEM lessons designed from Think Central and for K- 2, Engineering is Elementary for students in grade 3 <sup>rd</sup> — 6th and Engineering is Everywhere for 6th — 8 <sup>th</sup> grades and demonstrate their work quarterly. The ESE Specialist and the ELL contact assist teachers with appropriate scaffolding strategies for STEM lessons. The ESE Specialist and the ELL Contact teacher provide various support strategies to be used by the teacher while facilitating STEM lessons to ensure student success in	August, 2017- June,2018	During School	Lesson Plans Student Work Interactive Journal	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher S. Myers, ESE Specialist M. Karden, ELL Contact	Not Needed

2017-2018 School Improvement Plan (SIP) - CHARTER SCHOOL VERSION

				T	
these subgroups.	August,	During	Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Not
All students from all subgroups within the school's	2017 –	School	Student Work	J. Pino, resource	Needed
population engage in lessons from the Engineering is	June, 2018	After School	Observations	Teacher	Needed
Everywhere (EiE) curriculum. The curriculum units	Julie, 2010	Aiter School	Observations	Teacher	
support, enhance, and supplement the core Science		An.			
Fusion curriculum. The EiE lessons are selected based		All I			
on the science content being addressed at the time per					
the teacher's pacing guide. The curriculum lessons are					
used both during the school day and after school			No.		
programs to foster engineering and technological					
literacy and to enrich the lessons specifically targeting	_ /				
Life science in 5 <sup>th</sup> grade and Earth and Space Science					
in 8 <sup>th</sup> grade which are the targeted science categories				D. Baggs,	
that the school is addressing with persistence.				Principal	
that the contest is addressing with persistence.			7-	D. Hugue, Dean	
Gifted and accelerated students engage in STEM	August,	During	Lesson Plans	J. Pino, resource	Not
lessons as mentioned above or they engage in lessons	2017 –	School	Student Work	Teacher	Needed
using a Model-Eliciting Activity (found on CPALMS) as	June, 2018	Scriool	Observations	Teacher	Necded
students' learning is personalized and differentiated	04110, 2010		C D C C V C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		
through menus and choice boards. Stem lessons in fifth					
and eighth grades target LifeScience and Earth and	7				
Space Science.	. / /				
In all grade – levels, teachers incorporate Claim,	November	During	Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed
Evidence, Rebuttal Framework as a guide for students to	2017 –	School	Walk - Throughs	D. Hugue, Dean	
explain scientific reasoning. As students become more	June 2018		Student Work		
adept at utiliziing the strategy, teachers increase				4	
complexity of the framework: K – 2 begins with Claim and					
Evidence; 3 – 5 adds the Reasoning component and	14				
middle school students incorporate the full framework to					
include the rebuttal.					
Individual Education Plans for ESE students are reviewed	September,	During	Lesson plans	D. Baggs,	Not
between the ESE Specialist and the child's teacher (s).	2017 –	School	Walk-throughs	Principal	Needed
ESE Specialist explain the area of need, review strategies	June 2018	17		D. Hugue, Dean	
to accommodate the need, and support the teacher(s)		V		S. Myers,	
appropriate to ensure implementation with fidelity.	700			ESE	
	A. Arm		II TOO III	Specialist	
Students in all grade levels, including ESE	October	During	Lesson plans	D. Baggs,	Not Needed
students and students in our ELL subgroup,	2017 –	School	Walk - throughs	Principal	

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engage in mathematical thinking and computation	June 2018			D. Hugue, Dean	
during specials and electives classes. Geometry				A. Arbesu,	
concepts apply to art, number sense routines				Math Coach	
apply to art and music so that math fluency				S. Myers, ESE	
(efficiency, accuracy, flexibility) is enriched. Bell		A.		Specialist	
ringers include number sense routines in K – 8		A			
including number strings, number lines, and		AM.		27	
number of the day.					
number of the day.					
Resource Teacher, Math Coach, ELL Contact and ESE					
Specialists provide direction and guidance to teachers					
	1.7				
during planning periods to ensure that strategies are					
appropriately implemented into lesson plans for students				100	
to experience success with integrated STEM lessons.	0 ( )	<b>D</b> .		D D	N N
Students in all grade – levels are provided opportunities to	October	During	Lesson plans	D. Baggs,	Not Needed
participate in local, state, and national STEM events.	2017 –	School	Walk - throughs	Principal	
	June 2018	. 1.7		D. Hugue,	
				Dean	
Students present their STEM work on a semester basis at	August,	After School	Sign – In sheets	D. Baggs,	Not Needed
a STEM Family Night. Families engage in a STEM	2017-June,	Hours	Lesson Plans	D. Hugue, Dean	
challenge and enjoy a museum of class and individual	2018	7	Student Work	J. Pino , Resource	
STEM projects completed throughout the semester.			Interactive Journal	Teacher	
Projects display visual and written and digital evidence of	7				
scientific work. Stem lessons in fifth and eighth grades	/				
target Life Science and Earth and Space Science					
Students, including ESE students and students in our ELL	August,	After School	Student Work	D. Baggs,	Not Needed
subgroup, are instructed with best practices for effective	2017-June,	Hours	Walk - throughs	D. Hugue, Dean	
instruction embedded in all content areas. These	2018		Lesson Plans	4	
strategies include:					
Think-alouds and Fix-Up Strategies Non Visible Learning					
Tools (anchor Charts)	14				
Use of Manipulatives					
Elicit nonverbal responses for checks for understanding:				4	
Thumbs Up					
White Boards		18			
Fist of Five – Linguistic Representations		1		The second second	
Students engage in a monthly Go Green initiative targeting	August,	During	Lesson Plans	D. Baggs,	Not Needed
challenges that affect either school wide or community	2017-June,	School	Student Work	D. Hugue, Dean	
issues, The challenges are supplemented in the	2018		Interactive Journal	J. Pino , Resource	
classroom with paired texts focusing on the specific			3307, 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Teacher	

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challenge, prompt student to write responses to the texts,
and collaborate on mathematical problem solving and
analysis represented through charts, graphs, and
summaries.

MONTH	ACTIVITY
September	School Survey
	Initiate School Wide Recycle
	Program
October	Recycle Eye Glasses
November	Plastic Cap Recycle
December	Gift Making: Recycled Products
January	Recycle Cell Phones for
·	Soldiers
February	Reuse a Shoe Program
March	Recycle Printer Cartridges
April	Recycle Batteries
	Celebrate Earth Day
May	Reduce, Reuse, Recycle
	Project
	School survey

### **Science Goal(s):**

#### Science Goal(s):

- NGSSS State Science Assessment proficiency will meet or exceed the district average at 54% or higher in grades 5 and 8.
- K 3 students, 3rd and 4th and 4th grade students will master the appropriate grade-level benchmarks as indicated on FI DOE by the end of the 2017-2018 school year measured through Science Fusion summative assessments.

#### Core Curriculum:

Science Fusion

### **Supplemental Resources:**

- <a href="http://www.discoveryeducation.com/">http://www.discoveryeducation.com/</a> This site offers free resources for science instruction and student resources through interactive games, videos, contents, and virtual labs. Step-by-step math tutorials are free for students and teachers addressing K-8 math, Algebra, Trigonometry, and Calculus. Webinars in math, science and STEM are offered as free PD for teachers.
- <a href="http://sciencenetlinks.com/">http://sciencenetlinks.com/</a> This site provides virtual labs, lesson plans, after school activities, home resources, current science topics, videos and podcasts for K 12 educators available from the American Association for the Advancement of Science.
- https://www.nsf.gov/news/classroom/ Provided by the National Science Foundation, this site provides lessons and resources for teachers, students, and families. Resources are arranged by subject area and provides information on current scientific discoveries.

•	MobyScience - Touch cui	rriculum providing lessons	incorporating inquiry b	based learning with cog	gnitive skill manipulates addressing NGSSS.
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Include data for Proficient students (i.e., FSA, E	nd Of Course Examinations):	Include data for Non-proficient students (i.e. FSA,	End of Course Examinations):
2017 Current Level of Performance	2018 Expected Level of Performance	2017 Current Level of Performance	2018 Expected Level of Performance
5 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 9% of students score proficient on the 2017 statewide assessment.	5 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 54% of students will score proficient on the 2017 statewide assessment 8 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 54% of students will score proficient on the 2017 statewide assessment	5 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 91% of students were not proficient on the 2017 statewide assessment	5 <sup>th</sup> Grade: The number of students who were non-proficient will decrease to 46% for the 2018 statewide assessment.

Based on the data from the 2016-2017 FSA West Broward Academy is focused on learning gains and greater total numbers of students scoring proficiently on the 2017-2018 FSA. Curriculum to address these deficiencies include all materials from the core curriculum as well as Camelot Learning, MobyMax, Triumphs, TenMarks, Khan Academy, envision 2.0, Math Nation, and NCTM illuminations. To achieve the goals for mathematics as described below, the following curriculum is utilized:

K-5 – My Math by McGraw Hill, Core Curriculum

K-5 – enVision math by Pearson , Supplemental Curriculum

6-8 – Fl Math by McGraw Hill, Core curriculum

6 -8 - Triumphs by Macmillan/McGraw - Hill

#### **Mathematics Goal(s):**

Mathematics Target Goals: Proficiency Target: 3 -8

- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 50% of students in grades 3-8 will score proficient Learning Gains Target:3 -8
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 60% of students in grades 3-8 will demonstrate in increase in learning gains by 3% as provided through mathematical instructional strategies contained in the school improvement plan.

  Lowest 25% Target: 3-8
- As measured by the 2018 Math FSA, 85% of students in grades 3-8 will demonstrate in increase in learning gains

Include data for Proficient students (i.e., FSA, End	Of Course Examinations):	Include data for Non-proficient students (i.e. FSA, End of Course Examinations):
2017 Current Level of	2018 Expected Level of	2017 Current Level of 2018 Expected Level of

Performance – Math FSA	Performance- Math FSA	Performance – Math FSA	Performance –	
3 <sup>rd</sup> Grade 59% of	3 <sup>rd</sup> Grade: 64% of	3 <sup>rd</sup> Grade:41% of students were	Math FSA	
students scored proficient	students will score proficient	not proficient	3 <sup>rd</sup> Grade: 36% of students will	
·	The Man Man	~ V // ASA A	be non-proficient	
4 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 55% of	4 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 63% of	4 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 45% of	2	
students scored proficient	students will score proficient	students were not proficient	4 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 37% of students will	
			be non-proficient	
5 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 23% of	5 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 58% of	5 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 77% of		
students scored proficient	students will score proficient	students were not proficient	5 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 42% of students will	
	7	The state of the s	be non-proficient	
6 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 30% of	6 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 30% of	6 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 70% of		
students scored proficient	students will score proficient	students were not proficient	6 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 70% of students will be	
			non-proficient	
7 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 32% of students	7 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 35% of	7 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 68% of students were		
scored proficient	students will score proficient	not proficient	7 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 65% of students will be	
			non- proficient	
	8 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 38% of students will			
	score proficient		8 <sup>th</sup> Grade: 62% of students will be	
		V Comments	non- proficient	

#### **ELEMENTARY MULTI-TIERED MATHEMATICS PLAN**

Group	Tier	Time Frame	Actions	Curriculum Resources/Coach Support	Tracking Method	Fidelity Check
RTI Team		Pre-Planning	RTI Team: Complete Tier 1 Problem Solving Worksheet, and Tier 2 Problem Solving Worksheet	N/A	N/A	Administration will keep both forms
Math Class	Tier 1	All Year	Teacher: My Math (core) Envisions 2.0 (supplemental)	Remediation     based on Diagnostic     Assessment     -Practice	1. Teachers use the data to create groups with the help of the Resource	Administration: review lesson plans, completes
			Resource Teacher: Support teacher in completing the Data Analysis Protocol &	-Skills Practice -Strategic Intervention -Reteach	Teacher  2. FAIR/MobyMax/ Summative Chapter	walkthroughs/ observations during small groups

Teacher-led	Tier 2	9 weeks (notify Administration at 4 weeks, if unsuccessful, but continue Tier 2 interventions)	Teacher Reflection. Assist teacher in identifying target group(s) based on Standard/Skill data  Teacher/Administration: Identify Tier 2 students & Administration sends CSA Parent Notification Letter  *Envisions Intervention Kit-Diagnostic exam will identify the area of need in which to begin with the child if the current baseline does not identify a clear area of deficiency5 books that cover the 5 domains. Each domain is broken down so that the student is instructed from the very foundation of a concept. OPM for this is every 2 weeks. Re-teach assessments from the online component.  **All Tier 2 students are progress monitored.  Hands-on Manipulatives support Number Sense, Numbers and	2. On level tests - Chapter Tests, Mid- year, FSA Cumulative Test, MobyMax  *Envision 2.0 Intervention Kit *MobyMax Camelot Learning	test data is analyzed with support using the CSA Data Analysis Protocol for Elementary Math Teachers  *If student response to intervention is unsuccessful, the teacher completes forms (Request for Assistance), (Tier I & Tier 2 Data Profile)	Resource Teacher: 1. Review Data Analysis Protocol/Teache r Reflection and student groupings 2. Ensure that all intervention materials are research-based Administration: 1. Check progress monitoring charts (OPM) Check forms
			Operations, Counting and Cardinality, Computation, and submits to the administration.  SECONDARY MULTI-TIERED MA		<del>-</del>	
Group	Tier	Time Frame	Actions	Curriculum	Tracking	Fidelity Check

				Resources/Coach	Method	
				Support		
RTI Team Math	Tier 1	Pre-Planning  All Year	RTI Team: Complete Tier 1 Problem Solving Worksheet and Tier 2 Problem Solving Worksheet Teacher:	N/A  Remediation based	N/A  1. Teachers use the	Administration will keep both forms in the school RTI binder  Administration:
Class			1. Florida Math - McGraw-Hill Glencoe (core)  Resource Teacher: 1. Support teacher in completing the Data Analysis Protocol & Teacher Reflection.  2. Assist teacher in identifying target group(s) based on Standard/Skill data	on 1. Diagnostic Assessment -Practice -Skills Practice -Strategic Intervention -Reteach 2. On level tests - Chapter Tests, Midyear, FSA, MobyMax	data to create groups with the help of the Resource Teacher  2. FAIR/MobyMax/ Summative Chapter test data is analyzed with support using form CSA Data Analysis Protocol for Elementary Math Teachers	review lesson plans, completes walkthroughs/obser vations during small groups  Resource Teacher: Review Data Analysis Protocol/Teacher Reflection and student groupings Ensure that all intervention materials are research-based
Teacher- led	Tier 2	9 weeks  (notify Administra tion at 4 weeks, if unsuccessful, but continue Tier 2)	Teacher/Administration: Identify Tier 2 students & Administration sends CSA Parent Notification Letter  1.Response to Intervention Reteach (connect-ed component of Florida Math) 2. MobyMax Lessons ** All Tier 2 students are progress monitored	*ConnectEd (Glencoe)  1. *MobyMax	MobyMax data *If student response to intervention is unsuccessful, the teacher completes forms (Request for Assistance),	Administration: 1.Check progress monitoring charts (OPM)  2.Check forms
Intervent ionist	Math Tier 3	4-6 weeks (depending on school	SST Chairperson: Provides a copy of the SST plan, and SST monitoring form, FM- 6493, to	Tier 2 Resources, increased time and smaller setting	SST     Monitoring Form     easyCBM data	Administration: 1. Check SST monitoring

psychologist's	teacher/interventionist broken down		forms
recommendation)	by area of need. All concepts taught	2.Math Triumphs	2.
	are first modeled, then practiced		Walkthroughs/o
	together, and then independent work.	3. Other	bservation s of
	The OPM monitoring ranges 1-2	research-based,	interventions
	weeks depending on student need.	prescriptive	Resource Teacher
	Teacher/ interventionist: Provides	resources provided	Support
	Individual Intervention, increased	by Resource	
	frequency	Teacher	

Math Domain Proficient 2017 Current Level	3	4	5	6	7
Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Numbers in Base Ten	57 %				
Numbers and Operations- Fractions	30 %	55 %			
Measurement, Data and Geometry	41 %	15 %	9%		
Operations and Algebraic Thinking		58 %			
Numbers and Operations in Base Ten		50 %	14 %		
Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Fractions			7%		
Ratio and Proportional Relationships				32 %	5%
Expressions and Equations				5%	0%
Geometry				0%	0%
Statistics and Probability				6%	18%
Number System				13%	9%

Math Domain Proficient 2017 Current Level	3	4	5	6	7
Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Numbers in Base Ten	62 %				
Numbers and Operations- Fractions	35 %	60 %			
Measurement, Data and Geometry	46 %	20 %	14 %		
Operations and Algebraic Thinking		63 %			
Numbers and Operations in Base Ten		55 %	19 %		
Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Fractions			12 %		
Ratio and Proportional Relationships				37 %	10%
Expressions and Equations				10%	5%
Geometry				5%	5%
Statistics and Probability				11%	23%
Number system				18%	14%

Math Domain Proficient 2017 Current Level	3	4	5	6	7
Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Numbers in Base Ten	43 %				
Numbers and Operations- Fractions	70 %	45 %			
Measurement, Data and Geometry	59 %	85 %	91 %		
Operations and Algebraic Thinking		42 %	00		
Numbers and Operations in Base Ten		5 %	86 %		
Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Fractions			9%		
Ratio and Proportional Relationships				6 %	95%
Expressions and Equations				95%	100%
Geometry				100 %	100%
Statistics and Probability				31%	82%
Number system				87%	91%

Based on ambitious but achievable Annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs) and student achievement data, identify math and science performance target for the following years:

Baseline Data 2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
		= 101 101 101 7	A TOTAL TOTAL			

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2017 2010 School Improvement Full (SII) CHINTER SCHOOL VERSI	
	MobyMax
	Baseline:
	Grade 1:
	68% proficient;
	32% scored
	below grade
	level.
	Grade 2:
	43% proficient;
	57% scored
	below grade
	level.
	Grade 3:
	17% proficient;
	83% scored
	below grade
	level.
	Grade 4:
	19% proficient;
	81% scored
	below grade
	level.
	Grade 5:
	10% proficient;
	90% scored
	below grade
	level.
	Grade 6:
	4% proficient;
	96% scored
	below grade
	level.
	Grade 7:
	0% proficient;
	100% scored
	below grade
	level.
	Grade 8:
	5% proficient;
	o /o pronoiorit,

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	CH		-9/	95% scored below grade level.		
Strategies and Activities to increase Student Achievement (i.e., Extended Learning Opportunities, Tutoring, Academic Interventions, Lesson Study, etc.)	Select Appropriate Subject Area (i.e. Mathematics- Algebra, Science – Chemistry)	Start- End Date	Select Applicable Option (i.e. Before, During, After School Hours)	Evaluation Tool (i.e. Chapter Tests, BAS, Portfolios, teacher-developed performance tasks, other formative assessments, etc.)	Title or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Amount/ Funding Source
Students utilize math talk/math/moves/ accountable talk while using multi-step, real- world mathematical problems. Teachers integrate math talk /math moves/accountable talk in all math classes where they will model paraphrasing the problem's text, using context clues to acquire vocabulary, and asking guiding questions to help students complete mathematics tasks. Resource Teacher and Math Coach will provide delivery modeling as needed.	Math	During School	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Lesson Plans Student Work	D. Hugue, Dean D. Baggs, Principal J. Pino, Resource Teacher A. Arbesu, Math Coach	Not Needed
Teachers are provided with assistance from a math coach to model the delivery of instruction targeting specific mathematics deficiencies as evidenced on FSA testing. Teachers meet with the Resource Teacher weekly to incorporate strategies/curriculum that target specific mathematics skills identified as deficient on the FSA in grades 3 – 7, including:  • The use of number lines and visual numerical tools to develop a deeper sense of number sense to focus on Number System.	Math	Sept., 2017 – June, 2018	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Student Work Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean A. Arbesu, Math Coach J. Pino, Resouce Teacher	Not Needed
myMath reteach activities and envisions 2.0 supplemental quick checks along with use of base ten blocks are used to model the meaning of place value in a range of numbers that focus on skills and strategies targeting Operations, Algebraic Thinking, and Numbers in Base Ten.	PR1		o A	RI		

The use of core curriculum and supplemental resource reteach activities that utilize fraction tiles and engage students in using drawings and diagrams target Numbers and Operations – Fractions.	Gill		9/			
The use of measurement tools that include rulers, scales, thermometers, and measuring cubes to practice measuring different types of length, width, or height to focus on skills and strategies targeting Measurement, Data and Geometry.						
The use of supplemental, core, and Mobymax lessons and base ten blocks teach, remediate, and enrich skills in Operations and algebraic Thinking in whole group, small group, independent structures.						
The use of proportional scales and drawings/diagrams to create visual for ratios and/or portions that are equal or non- equal focus on Ratio and Proportional relationships.						
Students are challenged with lessons that are developed on a weekly basis. Teachers meet with the Resource Teacher, along with input from the ESE Specialist and the ELL contact teacher, to unpack standards and to develop rigorous lessons aligned to FI. Standards. Performance tasks are developed using levels 3 and 4 of the DOK wheel.	Science	Sept., 2017 – June, 2018	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Student Work Lesson Plans Attendance Roster	D.Baggs, Principal D.Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher S. Myers, ESE Specialist M. Karden, ELL Contact	Not Needed
West Broward Academy utilizes ESE certified teachers, paraprofessionals and other highly qualified teachers to push into classrooms to co-teach in math. The intervention is	Math	Sept., 2017 – June, 2018	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Student Work Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Not Needed

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scheduled throughout grades K-2 and 3-5 for 30 minutes a day, In 6 <sup>th</sup> – 8 <sup>th</sup> grades, and teachers spend time with students throughout the math block. The middle school push- in is focused on a lower level learner section of students, and the classroom teacher coordinates with the supporting certified teacher to meet the needs of students. This intervention takes place Monday through Friday during reading and math.	Bill		-0/			
Individual Education Plans for ESE students are reviewed between the ESE Specialist and the child's teacher (s) during pre-planning as the IEP in written. ESE Specialist explains the area of need, review strategies to accommodate the need, and support the teacher(s) as needed to ensure implementation with fidelity.	All	Sept., 2017 – June, 2018	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Student WorkLesson Plans Attendance Roster	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher S. Myers, ESE Specialist M. Karden, ELL Contact	Not Needed
All students, from within all subgroups of the school population, are instructed with best practices for effective instruction embedded in all content areas.  These strategies include: Think-alouds and Fix-Up Strategies Non – Linguistic Representations Visible Learning Tools (anchor Charts) Use of Manipulatives Elicit nonverbal responses for checks for understanding: Thumbs Up White Boards Fist of Five	All	Sept., 2017 – June, 2018	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Student Work Lesson Plans Attendance Roster	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean J. Pino, Resource Teacher S. Myers, ESE M. Karden, ELL Contact	Not Needed
Student data is reviewed bi-monthly with the leadership team to analyze achievement, identify deficiencies, adjust pacing guides and develop instructional strategies to support student achievement within all tiers of students. Data including teacher and core curriculum assessments, CSA developed assessments, MobyMax data and other forms	All	Sept., 2017 – June, 2018	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Student Work Lesson Plans	D. Hugue, Dean D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed

of formative data guides instruction.	MINO					
Middle school students experience a 90- minute block schedule where they utilize Marzano strategies in all classes. Specific strategies include:	Science Math	Sept., 2017 –	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Student Work	D. Hugue, Dean D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed
All students receive support during an additional 30-minute instructional block within the school day in the form of targeted intervention structured small-group, teacherled, and center activities accessed using core curriculum and CSA approved supplemental curriculum.	Science Math	Sept., 2017 June,2018	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Student Work Lesson Plans	D. Hugue, Dean D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed
In all grade levels, students use writing and visual cues such as drawing, anchor charts and graphics and incorporate other non-linguistic modes of communication to explain their mathematical thinking and reasoning. Teachers use problem solving graphic organizers, such as sequence charts, T- charts and other visual organizers to think through math problem, devise a plan and carry out a solution, to solve strategy or to illustrate the steps in a problem solving.	Math	September 2017- June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Lesson Plans Student Work/Assessm ents	D. Hugue, Dean D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed
In all grade levels, students, including ELL and ESE, participate in collaborative structures such as turn and talk, shoulder partners, and think –pair- share –write.	Math	September 2017- June 2018	During School	Classroom Walk- throughs Lesson Plans Student Work	D. Hugue, Dean D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed
Students who have deficiencies and need remediation are identified through classroom assessments, core curriculum assessments,	Math	September 2017- June 2018	During	Classroom Walk- Throughs Lesson Plans	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Not Needed

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and MobyMax data. Students are invited to						
participate in a thirty minute after or before		1 AN IN IN IN IN				
school tutorial program twice a week facilitated	Mr. Mr. All					
by the level teachers and WBA staff. During						
this time, students are given small group and	De la Company		A Total	THE APPLE		
one on one instruction utilizing core curriculum	100		N.	~ (F)		
material, CSA resources, and Moby Max.		1	M. C			
Attendees receive Bobcat Bucks to be		1/4				
redeemed for a dress down day, lunch chats,			III.			
or to be eligible to enter into a raffle for a						
community secured prize.	No.			100		
Bi-monthly data chats held by grade – levels	Math	September	During	Meeting Minutes	D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed
and a member of the leadership team utilize		2017-	MAN V	Data Chat Form	D. Hugue, Dean	
teacher- made assessment data, MobyMax		June 2018		3/97		
data, core curriculum assessment data and				7		
FAIR data, as needed, to analyze student	\			<b>7</b>		
progress, gains, and growth toward						
proficiency. Teachers also use the data to					The state of the s	
target appropriate instructional strategies to						
remediate proficiencies. Data chat protocols						
developed by CSA are used along with data			8			
chat summaries to document the meeting						
and are maintained in data binders.		7	10000			
All students receive tiered instructional	Math	September	During	Walk - throughs	D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed
support and targeted intervention during an		2017-		Lesson Plans	D. Hugue, Dean	
additional 30-minute instructional block in the		June 2018		Student Work	Dir.	
school day. These interventions include		San			All the same of th	
small- group learning, teacher-led small group		N.			4	
learning, and center activities. Resources	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		103			
used include:						
<ul> <li>Learning Mats from enVision 2.0</li> </ul>						
curriculum		No.	197			
Digital Component of myMath	1		17		4	
<ul> <li>envisions 2.0 Diagnostics/Intervention</li> </ul>						
system- This is a system that provides			8	and the sale	11/1/2	
detailed reteach lessons by	7/10/10		1			
subject/grade level						
Vocabulary strategies are incorporated into all	All	Sept. 2017	During	Classroom Walk	D. Baggs, Principal	Not Needed
subject areas to assist students with		– June	School	<ul><li>through</li></ul>	D. Hugue, Dean	
understanding academic vocabulary.	WIN I	2018		observations	J. Pino, Resource	

	Marzano's Six Step Vocabulary strategy, Vocabulary Features Matraix, and					Student Work Lesson Plans	Teachers		Ì
	the Frayer Model is used to support	1 100							
	vocabulary development.	The self			-		_		
ſ	Students experience the mathematics	Math	900	Sept.,	After School	Classroom Walk-	D. Hugue, Dean	Not Needed	ı
	problem with concrete, semi-concrete, and	19,00		2017 –	A.	throughs Student	D. Baggs, Principal		i
	abstract experiences to understand and solve			June, 2018		Work Lesson	J. Pino, Resource		ı
	the problem. Math Coach provides training					Plans	Teacher		ı
	and models instructional delivery of the CSA				IIA -		A. Arbesu, Math		
	method. Teachers receive support from the			. //			Coach		ı
	coach and the Resource Teacher in delivering			100					ı
	instruction effectively.								ı
	Teachers receive on – going training on the	Math		Sept., 2017	Before,	Classroom	D. Hugue, Dean	Not Needed.	ı
	use of the purchased supplemental curriculum				During, and	Walk- throughs	D. Baggs, Principal		
	to ensure the implementation with fidelity,				After School	Student Work	J. Pino, Resource		ı
	including Camelot Learning, MobyMax,					Lesson Plans	Teacher		
	MAFS, and enVision math.				1 7 7		(Interest of the Control of the Cont		i



STEM/Math/Science Action Plan\*: Optional if <u>all</u> students are <u>proficient</u> in this area across all grade levels (FSA Level 3 or higher or equivalent for EOCs).

STEM/Math/Science Professional Development aligned with strategies through Professional Learning Community (PLC) or PD Activity

Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.

Charter School Associates conducts an annual teacher survey which includes a professional development needs components. Principals assign specific professional development through Observe4Success following each observation, as needed, and follows up by conducting a debrief of the PD or determines that coaching support is needed for continued assistance. Based on the school's curricular goals for each year, specific professional development is required for all teachers as well as content specific PD. CSA requires both content-specific and PD supporting effective instructional strategies over and beyond the needs identified through the survey. Below are the PD opportunities required by CSA as well as determined through the annual Needs Assessment Survey as well as PD to support specific action steps and strategies within this plan and the 2017-2018 Curriculum Plan developed for CSA.

Professional Development Content/Topic	Grade Level/	PD Facilitator and /or	PD	Target Dates	Title or Position	Strategy for Follow-up/	Amount/
and/or PLC Focus	Subject	PLC Leader	Participant	(e.g.: Early Release)  and Schedules (e.g.: Frequency of meetings)	Responsible for Monitoring	Monitoring	Funding Source

Unpacking Standards/Test Specifications and Design  Text Annotation/Close Reading  Engineering is Elementary Engineering is Everywhere PBL.org  Data Analysis and Data Based Instruction  90-Minute Reading Block  90 Minute Math Block	K-8	D. Baggs, Principal  J. McKenna  D. Baggs, Principal  D. Baggs, Principal  J. Pino, Resource Teacher K. Casey, CSA Staff	All Teachers	August Pre – Planning	J. McKenna, Area Director D. Baggs, Principal	Classroom Walk- throughs Weekly Lesson Planning with Coach/Resource Teacher Student Work Sign-in sheets	Not Needed
Math Interventions	Math K-8	Arbesu, Math Coach Ms. Padron, Math Teacher	K-8 Math Teachers	September PD	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean, A.Arbesu, Math Coach	Model Lessons Classroom Walk- throughs Lesson Planning	Not Needed
Core Curriculum an Supplemental Resources	K-8 Core Subjects	Textbook Publishers Reading Coach Math Coach Resource Teacher	K-8 All Teachers	September – June On-Going	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Model Lessons Classroom Walk- throughs	Not Needed
Accountable Talk	Math K - 8	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	K-8 Math Teachers	September Planning Periods	D. Baggs, Principal D. Hugue, Dean	Classroom walk- throughs	Not Needed
Marzano Strategies as noted in the plan	K-8 All Content	J. Pino, Resource	All Teachers	October, 2017 Planning Day	D. Baggs, Principal	Classroom Walk- Throughs	Not Needed

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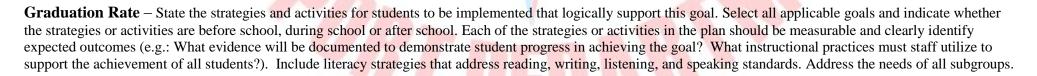
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				DESCRIPTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY NAMED IN COLUMN TO PARTY NAMED IN		1	
	Areas	Teacher				Follow Up Classroom Modeling and Lesson Planning with Coach/Resource Teacher Student Work	
Reading and Writing Across the Curriculum – RACE and RAN	K-8 All Content Areas	J. Pino, Resource Teacher J. McKenna, CSA Staff	All Teachers	November, 2017 Planning Periods	D. Baggs, Principal	Classroom Walk- throughs Lesson Planning with Coach/Resource Teacher Classroom modeling by Coach/Resource Teacher Student Work	Not Needed
Implementation of voyager's REWARDS program for Secondary Students	6 <sup>th</sup> – 8 <sup>th</sup> REWARDS Teachers	Voyager Spores Virtual	6 <sup>th</sup> and 8 <sup>th</sup> REWA RDS teacher	September – November, 2017	D. Baggs, Principal J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Lesson Planning Classroom Modeling,	Not Needed
Best Practices for ESE Students:  Think-alouds and Fix-Up Strategies Visible Learning Tools (Anchor Charts) Checks for understanding Vocabulary Strategies	K-8 All Content Areas	J. Pino, Resource Teacher	All Teachers	November, 2017 PD Wednesdays	D. Baggs, Principal	Classroom Walk- throughs Lesson Plans Student Work	Not Needed
Best Practices for ELL Students:  Think-alouds and Fix-Up Strategies	K-8 All Content Areas	J. Pino, Resource Teacher S.Myeres,	All Teachers	November, 2017 PD Wednesdays	D. Baggs, Principal	Classroom Walk- throughs Lesson Plans Student Work	Not Needed

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<ul> <li>Visible Learning Tools         <ul> <li>(Anchor Charts)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Checks for         understanding</li> <li>Vocabulary Strategies</li> <li>Multiple Learning Styles</li> </ul>	3	ESE Specialist		DMA	2		
myWriteSmart – Refresher	6 – 8 ELA	J. McKenna, CSA Staff	ELA Teachers	November 27, 2018	D. Baggs, Principal	Classroom Walk- throughs Student Work Lesson Plans	Not Needed
Claim, Evidence, Reasoning Framework for Supporting Scientific Thinking	K - 8	J. McKenna, CSA Staff	Science Teachers	November 21, 2018	D. Baggs, Principal J. Pino, Resource Teacher	Classroom Walk- throughs Student Work Lesson Plans	Not Needed



Baseline Data 2014-15	2015-16	t achievement data, identify graduatio 2016-17 2017-18	2018-19 2019-20 2020-21
Students In Cohort:			
Include data for <u>Proficient</u> students meeting gr Examinations):		Include data for Non-proficient students m Course Examinations):	neeting graduation requirements (i.e. FSA, End of
2017 <u>Current</u> Level of Performance (% and number of students)		2017 <u>Current</u> <u>Level</u> of Performance (% an number of students)	d 2018 Expected Level of Performance (% and number of students)
Graduation Data:			
2017 <u>Number</u> of Students That Graduated In		2018 Expected Number of Students That V Graduate In Cohort:	Vill 2018 Expected Percent of Students That Will Graduate In Cohort:
2017 <u>Number</u> of Students That Graduated In Cohort:			
Graduation Data:  2017 Number of Students That Graduated In Cohort:  Students Post Cohort:  Include data for Proficient students including FSA, End Of Course Examinations, ACT, SAT, CLEP):		Graduate In Cohort:	Will Graduate In Cohort:  s including any and all additional alternative
2017 Number of Students That Graduated In Cohort:  Students Post Cohort:  Include data for Proficient students including FSA, End Of Course Examinations, ACT, SAT, CLEP):	In Cohort:	Graduate In Cohort:  Include data for Non-proficient students	Will Graduate In Cohort:  s including any and all additional alternative
2017 Number of Students That Graduated In Cohort:  Students Post Cohort:  Include data for Proficient students including	any and all additional alternative assessments (i.e.,	Include data for Non-proficient students assessments (i.e., FSA, End Of Course Examin	Will Graduate In Cohort:  s including any and all additional alternative nations, ACT, SAT, CLEP):

<b>Industry Certification Information</b>	Section:						
2017 <u>Number</u> of Students That Received Industry Certification:	2017 Percent of Students That Industry Certification:	2018 Expected Nur Receive Industry (	mber of Students That W Certification:	7ill 2018 Expected Percen Will Receive Industry	2018 Expected Percent of Students That Will Receive Industry Certification:		
Industry Certification Programs Offered (please list each program individually using specific program titles):	Number of Students In Progra	m In Cohort	Number of Studen	ats In Program Post Coho	rt Number and Percenta Completed and Receiv		
					150		
AP, AICE, dual enrollment):					Through Acceleration		
Strategies and Activities to increase Student Achiever Graduation Rate (i.e., Extended Learning Opportunities, Tutoring, Interventions, Lesson Study, etc.)	ment and Academic Select Appropriate Subject Area (i.e. Mathematics- Algebra, Science Chemistry)	Start- End Date	Select Applicable Option (i.e. Before, During, After School Hours)	Evaluation Tool (i.e. Chapter Tests, BAS, Portfolios, teacher-developed performance tasks, other formative assessments, etc.)	Title or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Amount/ Funding Source	
			T T				
	- A-1						